Israelis dismiss Jenin mayor, council

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (R) — Israeli occupation authorities dismissed the mayor and municipal council of the town of Jenin in the occupied West Bank Tuesday, Israeli sources said. The authorities said they did so after the Arab officials refused to cooperate with civilian officials appointed by Israel to replace the military administration that has managed affairs in the West Bank occupied in the 1967 Middle East war. The mayors and councils of five other towns and villages in the West Bank have already been dismissed for similar reasons. Meanwhile, Israeli troops dispersed Bir Zeit University student demonstrators who were protesting against the Israeli invasion of Lebanon. Two Arabs died in similar protest demonstrations in Nablus last Suuday when Israeli soldiers opened fire on the protesters.

Volume 7, Number 2007

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon I pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Soares arrives

AMMAN (Petra) - Former Portuguese Prime Minister, leader of the Portuguese Socialist Party and deputy chairman of the Socialist International Mario Soares arrived in Amman on Tuesday at the head of a delegation rep-resenting the Socialist International for a visit to Jordan which will last several days. During the visit, Mr. Soares will meet a number of Jordanian officials. The visit of the delegation to Jordan is part of a tour it is currently making m the Middle East to study the aggravating situation in Lebanon. Mr. Soares and his delegation were met at Amman Airport by a number of high-ranking officials of the Foreign Ministry and the Greek ambassador in Amman.

Arar in Algiers

ALGIERS (Petra) - National Consultative Council (NCC) Speaker Suleiman Arar met here on Tuesday with Algerian National Assembly Speaker Labih Bitat. During the meeting. they discussed the current Arab situation stemming from the Israeli invasion of Lebanon and parliamentary relations between the two countries.

Cheysson-Arab team meeting postponed

PARIS (Petra) - A meeting scheduled to have been held Tuesday afternoon between French External Relations Minister Claude Cheysson and an Arab foreign ministers committee was suddenly postponed. The committee consists of the foreign ministers of Algeria and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Political Department chief Farouk Qadof the Jordan News Agency, Petra, reported that a spokesman for the French External Relations Ministry had said that the Arab Foreign ministers asked at the last minute to come to Paris on Tuesday or Wednesday. Since this is not possible because President Francois Mitterrand and Mr. Cheysson would start their visit to Hungary on Wednesday, the ministers could not have met with Mr. Cheysson on Tuesday. The spokesman added that due to other official engagements by French officials, the External Relations Ministry could not organise meetings between the ministers and other French personalities. Therefore, the Arab foreign ministers decided to postpone the meetings, provided that they are held again within seven days. However, a number of political observers in Paris and Bonn believe that there is another reason for the postponement of the meeting, namely that President Mitterrand wanted to meet on Tuesday the Algerian and UAE foreign ministers alone without Mr. Qaddoumi. Consequently, the Arab delegation objected to this, and all meetings with French officials were post-

TASS attacks U.S. space plans

MOSCOW (R) - The official Snviet TASS news agency suggested Tuesday that U.S. development of space weapons would undermine any future East-West agreements on nuclear arms limitation. A TASS commentary said President Reagan's commitment to military aspects of the U.S. space programme marked a radical departure from the course followed by his predeceases over the last decade. President Reagan, speaking after the return to Earth of the American space shuttle Columbia on Sunday, said the U.S. would press ahead with plans for anti-satellite and other space weapons for defensive purposes. TASS said Proved that any impediments to the operation of surveillance satellikes, and the more so attempts to destroy thom, might result in a stration where each side, deping bloc's military preparations... state proceed from the worst

AMMAN, WEDNESDAY JULY 7, 1982 — RAMADAN 16,1402

Reagan offers to send U.S. troops to oversee PLO 'withdrawal'

Fiercest battle erupts near Beirut

BEIRUT (Agencies) — An artillery battle between Israeli and Palestinian forces in Beirut broke a 24-hour-old ceasefire Tuesday as President Reagan agreed in principle to send U.S. troops to help evacuate Palestinians from the city.

The shelling began shortly after the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) ridiculed Israeli radio reports that the United States was prepared to send Marines to supervise an evacu-

There was no immediate PLO reaction to White House officials statements that the U.S. was prepared to send military personnel to aid a commando withdrawal, or report from Cairo that the PLO had agreed to such a scheme.

PLO men close to the front on the eastern fringes of West Beirut told correspondents Tuesday's exchanges began when Israeli tanks and artillery opened up on . PLO positions in the late after-

A PLO unit commander, who refused to be identified, said the PLO forces were replying mainly

By Samira Kawar

Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The second annual

Jerasb Festival of Culture and

Arts has been cancelled in view of

the prevailing conditions in the

area following the Israeli invasion

of Lebanon and the human suf-

fering it has caused amongst the

Lebanese and Palestinian peoples.

The decision to cancel this

year's festival, which was

scheduled to be held from Aug. 12

to Aug. 20, was taken on Tuesday

during a meeting of the festival's

Higher National Committee

chaired by Her Majesty Queen

The Queen expressed her

appreciation towards the various

subcommittee members, and

artists and craftsmen, who had all

geared their efforts towards mak-

ing a success fo the 1982 festival.

Queen Noor stressed that the hard

work, channelling of talents and

Gutman

Jordan's

AMMAN (Petra) - French gov-

ernment envoy and secretary-

general of the French External

Relations Ministry Francis Gut-

man, currently visiting Jordan, has

declared that he was impressed

with the realistic and serious

attitude of Jordanian officials dur-

ing the talks he had with them.

Mr. Gutman said there is an

identity of views between Jordan

and France on the Lehanese situ-

ation and that Jordanian officials

prefer open dialogue, which "is

programme of Jordan Television.

Mr. Gutman said the French gov-

emment is a "friend of all the

states and people of the area."

In an interview with the French

very encouraging."

praises

stand

with rocket fire. The barrage from both sides was persistent, with explosions from incoming shells followed by the crash of outgoing

The latest battle erupted only hours after the latest ceasefire arranged Monday night following the fiercest fighting around Beirut for 10 days when Israeli tanks and artillery probed Palestinian defences around the airport south of the city.

Israel wants to expel "totally" from Lebanon the estimated 5,000 Palestinian commandos entrenched in West Beirut for more than three weeks.

The PLO has reportedly agreed in principle to a peaceful set-tlement under which its fighters would pull out of Lebanon, but negotiations are stalled over PLO insistence that it maintain a token

spirit of artistic creativity shown

by all those who have been pre-

paring for this year's festival

should not be allowed to wither,

but should be encouraged for

future_cultural and educational

The committee also decided that separate, individual cultural

activities would take place at some

future date to provide alternative

opportunities for the Jordanian

artists, craftsmen and local theatre groups who had worked long and

hard to participate in the festival.

It was also decided during the

meeting that these performers and

artisans will be offered the same

chances of participating in the

1983 Jerash Festival as they were

The Queen stressed during the

meeting that the festival's various

subcommittees should continue

their so-far successful efforts

towards the success of next year's

festival as a Jordanian and inter-

food, water and electricity.

statement issued here Tuesday.

\$0,000 Palestinian refugees in the area.

relief operations in Beirut

VIENNA (Agencies) - Food for 80,000 Palestinian refugees in

besieged West Beirut is running out and medical supplies are spoiling

because of power cuts, a United Nations relief spokesman said Tues-

The U.N. Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees

(UNRWA) said it could not contact West Beirut by telex or tele-

phone, but the last report to reach the agency's Vienna headquarters

Monday said Israeli forces surrounding the city had cut off supplies of

5,000 to 6,000 Palestinian commandos. UNRWA is responsible for

food. Medical supplies needing cold storage had spoiled because of

At least 47,000 Palestine refugees living south of Beirut are home-

These are the number known to have lost their homes in camps and

The number includes about 12,000 refugees who lived in and

Thousands of houses in the camps were destroyed, including 1,000

which UNRWA had just helped repair because of damage caused

less as a result of the recent Israeli invasion, according to a UNRWA

there is as yet no estimate for Palestine refugees living outside

around Damour. The others are from refugee camps in South Leba-

power failures, and gas for cooking was running out.

camps. The refugees are registered with UNRWA.

during July 1981 Israeli bombing, the statement said.

About half a million civilians are trapped in West Beirut with

The spokesman said there was no way of replenishing stocks of

activities.

this year.

political and military presence in

the country.
Tuesday's battle covered a wide front stretching for some three kilometres down the southeastern stretch of the "Green Line" dividing the city.

Eyewitnesses said shells fell within 500 metres of the presidential palace in the Israelioccupied mountain village of Baabda and of the nearby residence of U.S. Ambassador Robert Dillon, where special U.S. peace envoy Philip Habib is staying.

Israeli shells crashed into the Palestinian refugee camp of Bourj Al Braine and as far north as the edges of central Beirut, witnesses

The sound of rockets being fired was clearly audible near the centre of the city.

Total siege of Beirut

Meanwhile, Israeli troops set up checkpoint on a road through Beirut port, completing their takeover of the only three crossing points into the besieged western sector of the capital.

Israeli forces took control of the

forming groups which were to

have taken part in the festival will

be immediately informed of the

cancellation of the festival and of

the reasons for such a decision.

They will be invited to participate

in next year's festival. Dr. Mazen

Al Armouti, director of the fes-

tival and head of Yarmouk Uni-

versity's Department of Jour-

nalism, reported to the committee

on the preparations that have

been made for the festival. Light-

ing and electrical equipment.

worth JD 50.000, has been bought

national event.

two other crossing points on Saturday.

An Israeli lieutenant at the new checkpoint in the port told reporters that no vehicles carrying foodstuffs would be allowed to enter West Beirut.

Lebanese police and soldiers still on duty in the port said the Israelis, who had arrived there Monday night, were allowing only diplomats and Red Cross personnel past the checkpoint.

Two Israeli armoured personnel carriers stood near the checkpoint, which blocks the road as it runs along the harbour. ___.

U.S. offer

U.S. President Reagan said Tuesday, he had agreed in principle to send a small number of U.S. troops to Beirut to help evacuate Palestinian commandos

He said the Lebanese government bad told the United States a multinational force might be essential for temporary peacekeeping duty in Beirut and bad informally proposed that the United States consider contributing to the force.

Earlier, Reagan administration officials said the president was considering sending a hattalion. which normally numbers between \$00 and 1,000 men.

Addressing a meeting of city

mayors and state legislators, Mr. Reagan said the Lebanese government had not made a formal request for U.S. troops" but I have agreed in principle to contribute a small number of U.S. personnel,

subject to certain conditions." Mr. Reagan did not say what the conditions were.

The ceasefire, which was broken Tuesday, the fifth since Israeli forces invaded Lebanon on June 6, followed a meeting Monday between Israeli Defence Minister Ariel Sharon and Mr. Habib east of Beirut.

Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin says the commandos can take their personal weapons with them. But the government has repeatedly ruled out any PLO presence of any sort in

The Jerusalem Post newspaper Tuesday reported that the war had boosted the popularity of both Mr. Begin and Mr. Sharon, considered the chief architect of the invasion.

The Post said Mr. Begin was now considered the man best suited to be prime minister by 51.5 per cent of those interviewed in an opinion poll, compared with 40.4 per cent in May.

Israeli blockade hits Beirnt, page 8



A young Palestinian refugee carries on her head her family's utensils from a camp in Sidon, South Lebanon, Monday to a newly-found shelter outside the city. Sidon was devastated by the Israeli invading forces last month (A.P. wirephoto)

lerash Festival cancelled The 13 Arab and foreign per-

contacts

Saudi king

U.S. president BAHRAIN (R) - King Fahd of

Saudi Arabia telephoned U.S. President Reagan and other world leaders Tuesday about Israel's Information Minister Mohammad Abdo Yamani said. Dr. Yamani, speaking to the

Saudi Press Agency, did not identify the others contacted by the

National Council bas called for an Arab summit to consider political and economic sanctions, including an oil embargo, against the United States and others who support Israel.

cial session of the council that discussed Israel's invasion of Lebanon a month ago, the Emirates News Agency said.

reacted.

UAE government to sponsor a withdrawal of funds and cutting or freezing of oil supplies, against the back the Zionist enemy."

sider its Middle East policy

Iran threatens to invade Iraq

LONDON (R) — Iranian Deputy Foreign Minister Ahmad Azizi said Tuesday Iran was prepared to invade Iraq to impose terms for an end to the Gulf war, Iran's news ncy IRNA reported.

Mr. Azizi said an Iranian drive into Iraq would prevent Iraqi troops from shelling Iranian horder towns or regrouping for future aggression against the Islamic republic of Iran." Iranian sources said any deci-

sion for an Iranian invasion of Iraq would be made by the supreme defence council, of which Mr. Azizi is not a member.

In an attempt to end the 22month-old Gulf war with Iran. Iraqi troops pulled back to the international border last week.

Iran has refused to start negotiations with Baghdad, demanding huge war reparations and the trial ol the Iraqi government as the

price for ending the conflict. Meanwhile Tehran Radio reported cross-horder shelling hetween Iranian and Iraqi forces in the past 24 hours.

It said Iraqi long-range artillery killed four Iranians and wounded more than 20 people in the southern cities of Abadan and Al Muhammarah (Khorramshahr) on Monday.

Lebanese bishop

gunmen in Lebanon's eastern Bekaa Valley have kidnapped Greek Catholic Bishop Elias Zu'bi of Baalbek, two of his priests and a Christian businessman, security sources said. The kidnapping appeared to be in retaliation for the abduction of

Iranian Charge d'Affaires Mohsen Mousavi, who disappeared at a right-wing Falangist checkpoint in East Beirut last Sunday, the sources said. Right-wing Falangist radio said

the gunmen also detained four Lebanese regular army soldiers and three other civilians and took them to a camp run by the Shi ite Muslim paramilitary organisation Amai.

Baalbek, capital of the northern Bekaa region, is a mainly Shi'ite area and Amal has close relations with the Tehran government.

The Iranian charge d'affaires was on his way from Damascus to West Beirut by way of Bekaa when he was abducted. His

using chemical weapons MOSCOW (R) - The Com- against our homeland. Moreover,

Pravda accuses Israel of

munist Party daily Pravda accused it is drawing a small country, as Israel Tuesday of using barbarous Israel is, still deeper into a weapons in trying to destroy the dangerous confrontation in the Palestine Liberation Organisation international arena," Prayda said. (PLO) in Lebanon.

A front-page editorial also repeated recent Soviet government warnings that the Israeli advance to the outskirts of Beirut threatened Soviet interests and was fraught with danger.

"Israeli troops, using arms received from overseas (the United States), including such barbarous weapons as pellet and phosphorous bombs, napalm and toxic agents, are attempting to drown the Palestine resistance in blood," Pravda said.

But the Israeli action could not achieve its goal and would only complicate the dangerous situation in the region.

Echoing the tone of a recent government statement, Pravda said the strategic alliance between Washington and Israel had a blatanily anti-Soviet character. "It is clear that this is directed

The editorial appeared a day

after an Arab delegation arrived in Moscow to urge Soviet officials to increase their support for the PLO and Syrian forces fighting in. Lebanon. According to Arab diplomatic sources, Farouk Kaddoumi, the

PLO's foreign affairs spokesman, was told by Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko tbat Moscow would not go beyond diplomatic efforts to obtain an Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon.

Some official PLO statements from Beirut have accused the Soviet Union of failing to give effective support and called for Soviet troops to be sent to the reg-

The delegation also included Moroccan Foreign Minister M'hamed Boucetta and Kuwaiti Foreign Minister Sheikh Al Ahmad Al Sabah.

Church council raps Israel for blocking relief operations

GENEVA (R) - The World Council of Churches (WCC) accused Israel Tuesday of needlessly obstructing relief operations in Lebanon and infringing the spirit of Geneva conventions.

A WCC team just returned from a visit to Lebanon said Israeli authorities were needlessly obstructing humanitarian agencies by creating delays in shipping, documentation, unloading and distribution of relief.

Consignments from Cyprus were reaching Beirut two weeks later than necessary, the ream

Thousands of innocent civilian lives were at risk in case of prolonged siege or a military attack on West Beirut, it said in a report.

"Most people cannot leave because they have nowhere to go and they are facing critical shortages of food, medical supplies and shelter," the WCC's Middle East Director Richard Butler said.

"We do not believe Israel is meeting the spirit of the Geneva Convention to take all appropriate measures to alleviate the suffering of the civilian population and protect their rights," the WCC statement said.

to include products made under

licence in Europe or by European

subsidiaries of U.S. firms, so soon

after agreement was apparently

reached on the pipeline issue at

the recent summit at Versailles of

prised that as soon as the Ameri-

can delegation got back home they

"We were, therefore, very sur-

Western economic powers.

Cheysson: U.S. has declared economic war against Soviets

WASHINGTON (R) - French External Relations Minister Claude Cheysson says the United States has declared economic war with the Soviet Union by its decision to ban the supply of U.S. equipment for a pipeline that will carry natural gas from Siberia to Western Europe.

He also said in written answers to questions posed by the Washington Post and published Tuesday that protests against the unilateral U.S. decision had produced no change of position in Washington.

Mr. Cheysson said France was surprised by the Reagan administration's decision to widen a ban en the use of American equipment, took unilaterally, without consulting us, a decision that really is a decision of war, economic war," Mr. Cheysson said. A number of West Europea-

firms have major contracts to supply equipment for the multibillion dollar pipeline and the U.S. move bas upset European governments.

Schmidt followers seek Green political support HAMBURG (R) - Repition, but have also been careful to The poll conducted by the resentatives of Chancellor Helmut rule nut nothing at this stage. Allensbach Institute, showed that The Greens, who strongly 21 per cent of voters in the 18-29 oppose West Germany's atomic age group would vote Green if

Schmidt's Social Democratic Party (SPD) met leaders of West Germany's ecological "Greens" movement for the first time Tuesday to discuss political cooperation.

The controversial talks in Hamburg followed the success of a "Green Alternative List" which won 7.7 per cent of the vote in elections in this city state last month to secure the balance of power between the fuling SPD and the conservative Christian Democrats (CDU).

Spokesmen for the SPD and the Greens have indicated they are seeking an agreement on cooperation rather than a formal coalpower programme, have campaigned for unilateral nuclear disarmament and a radical restructuring of the economy.

They have made gains all over West Germany this year, drawing on young voters disillusioned with the SPD and its Bonn coalition partners, the liberal Free Democrats (FDP).

An opinion poll out Tuesday put the Greens ahead of the FDP nationwide for the first time in their history with 7.7 per cent compared to only 6.8 per cent for the liberals.

there were a general election now.

FDP leader and Vice-Chancellor Hans-Dietrich Genscher has attacked the SPD-Green talks, saying any agreement between the two parties could frighten off investors and put the future of the federal coalition at

Mr. Schmidt's shaky left-liberal Bonn alliance has just survived a major crisis over the 1983 hudget and badly needs a breathing space before the next regional elections in the state of Hesse in September. The Hamburg result was a

severe setback for the SPD, which has ruled the city, Chancellor Schmidt's home town, for all but four of the last 37 years. Mayor Klaus von Dohnanyi

survived a CDU attempt to topple

him last week thanks to the

Green's nine votes in the assem-

What happens in Hamburg may also influence the outcome in Hesse, where the FDP has opted for a coalition with the Christian Democrats.

If the CDU won an absolute

whereabouts are unknown.

majority in Hesse, it would give the conservative opposition a two-thirds majority in the Bonn Bundesrat (upper house), enabling it to block most legislation.

and still awaits freighting to Jordan. It was decided during the king in an effort to end Israel's meeting that the installing of month-old invasion of Lebanon. mobile equipment in Jerash for President Reagan is now on a the purposes of the festival will be working vacation in California, postponed, but that permanent but his personal envoy Philip lighting and electrical equipment will be installed for use during Habib is in Beirut heading complex negotiations for a political other cultural events and future solution to the situation. annual festivals at Jerash. UAE calls for Power cut hampers UNRWA

Arab summit

BAHRAIN (R) — The United Arab Emirates (UAE) Federal

The call was made during a spe-

The Arab press has made similar appeals since the Israeli invasion of Lebanon, but Arab oilproducing countries have not

A council statement asked the summit to "consider economic and political sanctions, including United States and other states that

The 34-member council (parliament) urged the U.S. to recon-

kidnapped BEIRUT (R) - Unidentified

EATURES

£418m Thames Barrier to save the sinking London City

By Val Williams Now magazine, London

A new landmark is beginning to dominate the lower reaches of London's River Thames. About nine kilometres downstream from central London, one of the higgest movable flood defences in the world-stretching more than 500 metres across the river at Woolwich-is in the final stages of construction.

The Thames Barrier, a £418 million feat of engineering, will act as a dam to hold back tidal surges from the North Sea that threaten every winter to raise the river level and flood a quarter of a million London bouses, offices and factories. The first of the line of 10 massive gates needed to shut the capital off from the sea have been installed, and two more were put in position at the end of 1980. The full set should be ready for use hy the end of 1982.

The design is said to be unique, and was conceived for quick action against a sudden flood tide without presenting a permanent obstacle to shipping on this busy

Dormant, in normal tide conditions, the barrier looks like a series of giant stepping stones-nine piers, each capped with a silver shell something like a gladiator's helmet, which will eventually rise more than 50 metres from the river bed. Most are nearing completion.

Fine tolerance

The shells, made of wood and with a protective coating of stainless steel, have a grace which belies the power of the machinery they hide. From the inside their vaulted roofs take on an almost ecclesiastical majesty.

Between the piers, unseen until a flood alarm brings them into action, the great D-shaped gates-the four higgest weigh over 3000 tonnes each and have a span of more than 60 metres-will lie flat in grooves on the river bed. When they are nneded, powerful rocker arms will rotate them through 90 degrees into a vertical position, effectively shutting London off from the sea.

The sills which cradle the 10 gates on the river bed are constructed on shore. The four higgest, which will hold the central gates, are 60 metres long, nearly 30 metres wide, nine metres deep and weigh up to 10,000 tonnes. They are each half the size of a football pitch hut are made with such precision that when they are floated out into the river and sunk into position, there is less than five centimetres to spare at each end.

The gates have an even smaller tolerance. They have to be accurate to within a centimetre.

Problems solved

Working 10 metres down in the muddy waters of the Thames brings its own problems. Providing a proper base for the piers required over four days of continuous, round-the-clock concrete

The chalk bed of the river created more difficulties. In one place it proved too hard for the drills to penetrate. In another, water forcing its way through cracks in the chalk meant months of delay as engineers tried to seal the base to enable pier construction to go

Most of the problems are now solved, however, and the Greater London Council-which is huilding the barrier-is confident that this year will see the project complete. Londoners hope they are right, for the capital has cause to fear the coincidence of heavy rainfall, high tide and North Sea gales that can send a surge of water into the funnel of the Thames estuary and up the river.

It happened twice in 1978, in January and December. On both occasions the river level was only 50 centimetres below the top of the protecting wall in central Lon-

Sinking city

The danger is increasing every year, for, as the clay foundations on which London is built dry out, the capital is imperceptibly sink-

ing. Gradually, too, over the centuries the whole of south-east England has been tilting, and tide levels are going up due to the polar

ice caps are melting. The result is that high tide in the river is now 0.6 metres above the level of 100 The river last broke through its

walk in 1928. Fourteen people were drowned as the floodwaters poured into the streets around Westminster early in the morning. Water lay over one metre deep in

"That was an exceptional tide then." says Ray Horner, who runs the barrier project for the Greater London Council, "but the two tides in 1978 were virtually equi-

"We expect that in the 1980s we will probably have to close the barrier about twice a year because of flood danger. But if this adverse trend in the tides continues it might be up to 10 times a year by early in the next century."



The Thames barrier being built at Woolwich, about nine kilometres downstream from the centre of London. A line of piers across the river can be seen under construction. Between

Appalling damage

So the barrier project, first mooted in the 18th century and finally started in 1974, has always been a race against time. And if the race is lost-if the freak tide everyone dreads strikes before the

could be frightful. Over a million people would be disaster like that would be felt all.

floodgates are ready-the cost

directly affected by flood, and up to 116 square kilometres of London would be under water. The underground railway would be out

of action-perhaps for six months. Telecommunications, sewerage and other services would be hit. The hill, in direct costs alone, would be somewhere between £3000 million and £4000 million.

'But the repercussions from a

tidal flood, they will be powered up into a vertical position to form a continuous gate across the 500 metre wide river.

the piers, massive gates will lie on the river bed. To hold backa

over the country," said a Greater if the tide rises high enough to m London Council spokesman.

'There is probably not a family in

the country that would not be affected by it in some way. So, although the cost of the barrier is

high, it is a very cheap insurance

And it is an insurance policy with a long life too. For the harrier is designed so that it can cope even

over the top of the gates.

"Upstream it still would in exceed a normal high tide," its

Horner said. "We could take up a metre over the top of the

without any problem, and on present predictions of rising tides

gives the barrier a design life well over 100 years."

Pleasure drifting in a cloud of smoke

By Mark Stone

Amerigo Vespucci (1451-1512) saw American Indians chewing green leaves in 1499 and could well have been the man who invented smoking. One of the first mentions of tohacco in literature is in Spenser's Faerie Queen, and some years later Shakespeare mentioned smoking in The Tem-

In the foreword to his book The Book of Pipes and Tobacco, Mr. Carl Ehwa, says: "Transformation of choice tobacco leaf into a mixture that excites the palate is an art. No less an accomplishment is the skilful fashioning of beautiful pipes -- from wood, gourds or meerschaum. Pipe smoking is the appreciation of these arts.

Pipe smoking has become almost second nature to many men - one could put it on a par with appreciating fine wines and cheeses.

Famous name

One of the most famous names in the pipe and tobacco industry in Britain is Dunhill. The first

Dunhill pipe was produced in a workshop in Duke Street, St. nes's. London, in March 1910. a few doors from a small tohacconist's shop which Alfred Dunhill had opened in 1907. His early customers had complained of the poor quality of some cheap French pipes and that meerschaums and calabash pipes were too fragile. Dunhill therefore made the first briar pipe at almost double the price of all other pipes and it became a success.

He had one problem though. It was to know which way the aluminium tube - supplied for hygienic reasons - should be fitted into the stem. Dunhill decided that a white spot on the mouthpiece should be lined up with the tube, and so, by accident, one of the best known trademarks came into being.

By World War I, pipe smoking had increased its hold on Army officers who had previously smoked only cigars and Turkish cigarettees. Thousands of pipes were sent to France and by the end of the war the Dunhill white spot was firmly established.

on Com Laude pipe was sold immediately on completion for £5,000

Nourishing oils

A good pipe involves about 90 separate processes, spread over some months, in order to reach traditional standards. According to texture and peculiarities, each bowl is treated individually. By the application of nourishing oils and a succession of drying processes the mature briar is brought into perfect smoking condition so that, without any need for an initial breaking-in, every pipe can be smoked for years without losing its

original quality. Each Dunhill pipe has a mouthpiece, designed to suit the individual bowl, fashioned by hand from block vulcanite, a semi resilient material which is easy on the teeth and does not affect the flavour of the smoke.

It also takes a lasting polish and will not easily break. In the final stages, the aim is to bring out the natural beauty of the wood by hand polishing.

Richard Dunhill, company chairman, told me: "Over the years new shapes and finishes found their way into the Dunhill selection. Gradually the process of

SUMMA CUM LAUDE

£5,000.

CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY AND THE PROPERTY OF TH

manufacture became so varied tohacco sales.
that, instead of a man being able to British pipes and tobacco cater which is how the early apprentices were trained, each became more of craftsman in fitting, filling or frazing."

Most of Dunhill's pipe tobacco goes overseas.

World Demand

John Ivall, the company's tobacco marketing manager, said: "Our tobacco can now be bought in more than 80 countries. Of the annual export volume of just under one million kilogrammes of pipe tobacco, valued at about £6.2 million, the luxury sector, dominated by us and Sobranie, has a significant share. This is agood steady husiness and with extra effort over recent years we are beginning to take a larger share of the market - especially with our new aromatic hlends."

Most exports are sold in the European community, where such well known names as Early Morning Pipe, My Mixture 965 and Standard Mixture account for about 20 per cent of British pipe

ranging from the slightly scented aromatic tohacco, which the younger generation now favours, to the heavy, darker tobacco preferred by older men. Pipes come in all shapes, sizes and materials. The normal price is from about £6 for an ordinary pipe to the £60 demanded by high class manufacturers. But some can cost thousands of pounds sterling.

Another of the better known names is Charatan. Years ago to have a Charatan pipe was as distinctive as owning a yacht or a Rolls-Royce car. And today some sell for £6000.

Smoking competitions

A recent innovation is the chain of pipe clubs around Britain where smokers congregate to discuss and to smoke their pipes in comradely peace. Pipe smoking competitions are also held. In fact one of the highlights of the Dunhill Principal Pipe Dealers' World Conference held in London at the end of February this year was the pipe smoking contest. Each contestant was ven a few grammes of tobacco and two matches to light his pipe. Many of the contestants were from the United States.

Another focus on pipe smoking is the annual Pipeman of the Year contest where the winners are chosen by the readers of a tobacco magazine. One man who has won it more than once is Sir Harold Wilson, a former Prime Minister of Britain, who is rarely seen without a pipe in his mouth.

But a pipe requires several accessories and many companies sell lighters just for pipes, scrapers, pipe cases, tobacco pouches, pipe rests and so on.

Lighter technology

One such firm is the Ronson company which manufactures lighters of all sorts.

One recent innovation is the Windmaster, a lighter with windshield for use in all weathers and available in satin or bright chromium, covered in handstitched buffalo hide.

In recent months it has also introduced the Varaflame Duke which is specially designed to produce an angled flame, making it ideal for the pipe smoker. Britain also has many smaller

companies whose pipes are custom-made. A new one is the Tilshead Pipe Company, whose dedication to craftsmanship has led to the production of a top qual-

Mr. Stone is the European: editor of Tobacco Reporter.

Summer training course brings American teachers close to Islam and Arab affairs

tinuum.'

WASHINGTON — A summerstudy session designed for secondary school teachers can go a long way toward increasing under-standing of Islam and Arab affairs in American high schools.

This emphasis on the importance of training teachers below the college level to broaden their knowledge of the Arab World resulted five years ago in a summer teachers' course on the Arab World called, "The Middle East: Back to Basic."

According to Mr. Jerome W. Clinton, director of the programme, the Joint Centre for Near Eastern Studies of New York University and Princeton University are co-sponsors of the one-week course.

"This summer is my first as director," Mr. Clinton says." I'm stressing education for teachers in secondary schools and community colleges and librarians because I feel that if we are going to increase the general level of awareness and information about the Near East, tbey are the people to start with."

He explained that the course covers the Near East and Islamic culture in particular. "This is the first time we have dealt with the basic dynamics of Arab culture,"

he said. "Formerly we dwelt on crises in the Arab World, but now our aim is to look at the way Islamic cultures function — what is constant, what is normative, what is in essence predictable -- to bring history and the present moment together into some kind of con-

Mr. Clinton said that the

summer course was designed to emphasise historical dimensions because journalists and diplomats have better perceptions about the causes of conflicts and fastbreaking crises than do scholars and academics. "Most of our students come into the course with little or no introduction to the Middle East," he said. "But after a week of study, they are better qualified to expand those segments of the high school curriculums that deal with modern Middle Eastern affairs."

According to Mr. Clinton, most public high schools in the United States are restricted by the required areas that must be covered. "But if they are more aware, they can expand existing textbooks and perhaps make the first step in initiating changes in

the curriculum." Clinton added that, following

the summer session, the main has planned follow-up during academic year, as well as a speakers' bureau from both New Yo University and Princeton University versity. "This way," he entirely we can provide program upon request to high schools continue our relationships social studies teachers in

He estimated that the pro-June 28 to June 3, will have enrollment of 30 to 50 ticipants. This year, the course be held for the first time on campus of Princeton University Certificates of attendance academic credits can be carned the students who also have the to the resources of the Je Centre of Near Eastern Studies Princeton and New York

The faculty includes Near Est scholars from the two universities as well as a staff member from the Great Neck public school system in New York state who has taugh courses on the secondary level public schools. She will be coddinator of seminars on teaching . Islam in secondary schools.

Forests are friends in need

IDRC — One-quarter of the world's land surface is now forested, hut this is expected to drop to one-fifth by the end of the century, according to International elopment Research Centre (IDRC) Reports magazine. Although deforestation is not a new problem, the rate of destruction is unprecedented, and has reached alarming proportions in the Third World. For developing countries as a whole forests are likely to shrink by 40 per cent in the next 20 years. In recognition of this fact, and

seeing no viable substitutes for fuelwood in large parts of the world, the United Nations Conference on New and Renewable, Sources of Energy last year adopted a resolution and afforestation programmes. The goal is to achieve a fivefold increase in annual tree planting rates by the year 2000.

Forests are important for much more than being sources of timber and firewood. Forests conserve water and belp regulate local climate. Accoring to China Features news agency, researchers have found that the leafy parts of a forested area can retain up to 20 per cent of rainfall, and a hectare of forest can bold as much as water as a 30,000 cubic metre reservoir. Trees also belp in halting wind and sand erosion, purify the air, and may actually improve the climate.

This year, 1982, marks the 10th anniversary of the founding of the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP). To celebrate its birthday, UNEP has launched a project called For Every Child a Tree, which it hopes will result in the planting of billions of trees through worldwide. reforestation programmes and generate global concern for the plight of our dwindling forests.

The Sahel zone of Africa once had huge areas of natural forest, hut today it is virtually a desert. In an effort to halt the creep of the desert sands, the government of Niger in West Arfica asked Canada's International Development Research Centre (IDRC) for belp in an experimental village woodlot project.

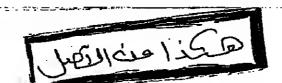
Begun nine years ago, the pro-

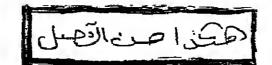
ject has been highly successful and the villagers are now begit ning to harvest firewood and timber from their lots. A total P 165 hectares were planted in 59 villages. All were planted by and for the villagers with the assistance of researchers and extension workers from the Water and Fnrestry Service of the Ministry of Rural Development.

The innovative project developed simple techniques for clearing and preparing the soil. for producing and transplanting seedlings, and for irrigating and maintaining the plantations Experiments with growing food crops between the trees also proved successful, and helper crease the villagers' involve ment in the project.

In the Matameye region, where further research is now underway in a second phase of the project survival rates for the seedling were better than 90 per cent. Now the World Bank and other major donor agencies are studying the project with a view to using the techniques to best back the deserts in other areas.







Telecommunications minister hack from talks in France

AMMAN (Petra) - Telccommunications Minister and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Communications Corporation Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben returned to Amman from Paris after participating in the ceremony marking the inauguration of the electronic switchboard of the French Communications Corporation, which is similar to the Jordanian international switchboard whose operation will begin in Amman in October in implementation of a memo of understanding between the Jordanian and French gov-

Dr. Zabeo said that French officials have asserted that all technical and administrative problems (which led to delay upon the nationalisation of the French company maoufacturing the equipment) in producing exporting installing and operating the Jordanian international switchboard, have been overcome. The

company had concluded a contract with Jordan to have the switchboard operational in August, 1981.

Dr. Zabeo also held talks with French officials oo the prospects of increasing training oppor-tunities and the possibility of financing the first expansion phase of the projects of corporation through the Jordanian-French financial protocol.

Dr. Zaben extended an invitatioo to the Freoch communications minister to attend the inauguratioo of the Jordanian international switchboard in Amman in October.

Director-general of the corporation, Mohammad Shahid Isma'il, said that the main parts of the switchboard will be shipped to Amman Airport before mid July, while the rest of the parts and accessories have already been shipped to Amman and work is underway to install them.

Anti-cholera committee meets at Health Ministry

AMMAN (Petra) - The executive committee for combating cholera discussed in a meeting held at the Health Ministry oo Tuesday the possibility of transferring the site of the Amman Muoicipality iocinerator oow lo ated at Marka to another area since its present site is too close to residential areas and because it lacks the capacity to absorb the volume of garbage.

During the meeting which was headed by Health Minister Zuhair Malhas, the committee recommended that the Water and Sewage Authority (WSA) construct refuse pools in the Al Khirbah Al Samra' area to absorb the loads which are beyond the capacity of the Ayn Ghazal treatment cerned officials.

The conferees decided to form a committee including the WSA president, the assistant mayor of

Amman, and the head of the environmental bealth department at the Health Ministry to draw up the necessary steps to implement this recommendation.

The meeting was atteoded by the under-secretaries of the ministries of health and, Awqaf and Islamic affairs, as well as the WSA president, the vice president of the Jordan Valley Authority, the assistant mayor of Amman, the head of the preventative medicine branch at the Royal Medical Corps and other coo-

INVITATION FOR TENDERERS JORDAN URBAN DEVELOPMENT PROJECT LOAN No. 1893 JO.

Referring to the announcement of the Urban Development Department on 7 & 8/12/1981 in the local papers concerning the tenders of the Urban Development Project.

The Department announces the availability of tender documents for community buildings in the project sites on 10/7/1982 for a nonrefundable fee of JD 100 per copy of each contract. The work includes construction of community centres, woman's training centres, health clinics and a vocational training centre.

.Contract.9: Community buildings in new sites:-Only the following classified contractors can submit for tenders for community buildings in the new sites.

> A- Jordanian contractors registered as class A or B (Bullding) at the Ministry of Public

B- Contractors previously qualified.

C-Contractors who wish to be qualified prior to submission of tenders.

Contract 10:-Community buildings in upgrading sites: Only Jordanian contractors registered as class A or B (Building) can submit for this contract.

N.B. The closing date for submitting the tenders is 12 noon on Monday Aug. 30, 1982.

trian Development Department en Noor Street/near the Ministry of Industry Commerce.

JD 850,390 in loans to farmers

AMMAN (Petra) - The board of directors of the Agriculture Credit Corporation (ACC) approved in

the session it held oo Tuesday under ACC Director-General Sami Al Sunna' the requests for the loans to the farmers totalling JD 850,390.

The loans will be used in digging and supplying artesian wells, processing of vegetables, requirements of production, extending irrigation octworks, raising cattle, purchasing fodder, installing plastic green houses, and buying agricultural equipment and machinery.

The amount of loans approved for the farmers for 1982 totalled JD 3.5 million.

Jordan commemorates the death of King Talal Ibn Abdullah

is the 10th anniversary of the death of the late King Talal Ibn Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein who passed away in Turkey in 1972.

The late King Talal assumed power at one of the most difficult times in Jurdan's history following the death of his father, the late King Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein, in the square of Al Aqsa Mosque in

King Talal was the first to proclaim Jordan an independent Arab state and the Jordanian people inseparable from the Arab Natioo. He had great ambitions to serve his people, country and nation and to place Jordan on the path of progress and prosperity.

King Talal began his rule by a number of constitutional reforms to develop political life in the country, particularly after the merger of the east and west banks nf Jordan. So he proclaimed a new

AMMAN (Petra) — Wednesday his health condition prevented him from continuing his reign, and his son, His Majesty King Hussem, assumed power on Aog, 11,

> 1952 to lead the march of modern Jordan towards progress and prosperity.

King Talal was the first Jordanian officer to graduate from Sandhurst in 1942. He personally participated in the heroic battles which the Jurdanian army fought against the Zionist forces invading Palestine in 1948.

Ope of the unique characteristics of the late King Talal was his courage. He was also devoted to the service of his country and people and followed the line charted by his father, King Abdullah, the founder of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, in carrying the banner of the Great Arab Revolt and adopting its pan-Arab principles to achieve the unity.

constitution for the country. But freedom and independence of the

Fertilisers company starts production AMMAN (J.T.) - The Jordan Fertiliser Industry Company has begun its actual production of ammonium phosphates in the last week of June. Chairman of the company's board of directors, Dr. Hanna Odeh sent a letter to the prime minister saying that the company's production until the cod of 1982 will be some 175,000 tonnes of ammonium phosphates and 500,000 tonnes of sulphuric

Dr. Odeh said the company has made contract for the sale of 90,000 tonnes of its produced di-ammonium phosphates, which will be exported in three batches over the next four months.

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Shipping is scheduled to begin in August from Aqaba Port. The company is currently having talks with other sides to sell them the remaining quantities. The company has also made contracts for the sale of 30,000 tonnes of exported by special freighters perity of Jordan." before the end of 1982.

beginning of productioo and supporting the company.

export operations in the company. the fertilisers industry in Jordan has become a reality. Thus the company is joining the rest of the big productive companies in our country in contributing to the nation's economy and increase sulphuric acid which will be our oational income and the pros-

Dr. Odeh praised Prime Minis-Dr. Odeh said: "With the ter Mudar Badran for his efforts in

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King Hussein, members of the royal bousehold, and bigh-

cials will visit King Talal's graveyard on Wednesday morning and graveyard.

ranking civilian and military offi- will pray for the rest of his soul. They will also place wreaths on the

JORDAN SWIMMING **TOURNAMENT**

UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF THE JORDANIAN SWIMMING FEDERATION

AMMAN CROWN HOTEL (THE COUNTRY SPORTS COMPLEX) RADIO AND TELEVISION ROAD - AMMAN

announces that it will organise contests for Jordan's swimming tournament at 4:00 p.m. on Thursday, July 29, 1982 in the biggest swimming pool in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, according to the following conditions:

The contest and the training of male and female contesters will take place under the supervision of trainers accredited by the Jordanian Swimming Federation.

Contest are open to all Jordanian and non-Jordanian swimmers residing in Jordan without exception. Registration will take place at Amman Crown Hotel beginning on June 10, 1982 for a fee of JD 15 for each participant. Registration fees' include all the costs of training by specialist trainers accredited by the Jordanian Swimming Federation, which is recognised by the Culture and Youth

· Training for all registered participants will begin on June 16, at the big swimming pool within tha Country Sports Complex of the Amman Crown Hotel. Registared swimmers do not pay any entry fees even if they are not members of the hotel's Country Sports Complex.

> Training will take place between the following hours. 7:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. every day of the week except Fridays.

Swimming runs and ages will be as follows:

Free-style (crawl) Free-style	8-10 years 25 metres	10-12 years 50 metres	12-14 years 100 metres	18 years and abov 200 metres
breast stroke	25 metres	50 metres	100 metres	200 metres
Butterfly style	25 metres	50 metres	100 metres	200 metres
Free-style (crawl)	-	_		400 metres

There will be two runs, one for males and another for females.

Special free run for males and females above 40 years

Awards and medals:

The first, second and third winners will be awarded cups. All participants in the final contests will be awarded medals. and other precious gifts (surprises) Final selection of contestants:

Selection of contestants in the final contests will take place through contests among all the participants in the training sessions from June 22 to July 25, 1982.

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BALANCE SHEET AS AT DECEMBER 31, 1981 133575 LIABILITIES TILS JD. FILS FDS D FILS والمحم للطلاع 58102 72D Registered Capital in Jordan 10000 45220 790 14661 930 HEAD DETTOE ACCOUNT Purniture and Office Appliances 4327 750 Loss Accurated Degraciation 330 367 3996 000 9797 Accumulated Depreciation 2572 065 7218 1286470 692 1240555 12050 000 Less Accumulated Depreciation 1344 249 10705 751 CURRENT LIABILITIES 326 18610 Loss formulated Depreciation 2167 686 16642 32175 53246 grued Expenses (Note 7) 5653 CLERENT ASSETS 120 255 000 114222 oto Debtors (Note 3) 825275 1922 531 Employees Account 13614 7680 834 Advances (Note 4) 200 200 V..... Retention Money 272020 77? 17264 Deposits (Note 5) Verk in progress (Crushing Plant) 000 20000 Letters of Credit 000 237 Prepaid Rent 95245 536 1311309 Cosh in Hand at Jobalte 1364555 1364555 964 Amman, 28th June, 1982.

VOEST-ALPINE AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT-AMMAN BRANCH

AUDITORS' REPORT We have examined the balance sheet of VOEST ALPINE AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT, AMMAN BRANCH (Foreign Limited Co.) as at Dec. 31, 1981, and the related profit and loss account for the year then ended, and have obtained the information and explanations which we required for the purposes of our audit.

Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary under the cir-

In our opinion, and according to the books and vouchers of the company, and the information and explanations given to us, the accompanying balance sheet and profit and loss account present fairly the financial position of VOEST-ALPINE AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT AMMAN BRANCH as at Dec. 31, 1981, and the results of its operations for the year then ended for the Queen Alia International Airport Hangar Project and the Crushing Plant Project.

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Faces of same coin

IT IS hard to claim understanding of why Israel's invasion of Lebanon should do wonders for the popularity of Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin and his Defence Minister Ariel Sharon among their countrymen. However, the trend can be readily understood if one will accept that pursuing extremist policies against the Arabs, the Palestinians in particular, is what the Israeli public wants nowadays.

Still, when 100,000 people in Israel demonstrated against the war of genocide in Lebanon three days ago, neither the world nor the Arabs could ignore the fact that not all men in the streets of Israel are Begin fanatics. Israeli hawks and doves, if you like, could not all too easily be differentiated from one another dur-ing the several decades of Arab-Israeli conflict. Many Arabs have been arguing, for some time now, that Begin and the leader of

the Labour opposition, Mr. Shimon Peres, are both basically the same when it comes to dealing with the Arabs, and that it is more advantageous for world peace to have a man like Begin lead rather than the timid Peres.

Recent reports that Socialist International leaders, to whom the leader of the Israeli Labour Party supposedly belongs, are getting uneasy about Peres' role in standing up to Begin's mad war in Lebanon and would like to see him replaced may be indicative of why he slumped in the Israeli public favour, as the poll, which favoured Begin, tells us. Political speculations apart, it is also hard to accept that a people who faced extermination by the Nazis, should cheer and applaud the deathdealing campaign of the Begin regime and accept the connivance of the so-called mod-

Arab masses are asking. What are the Arab leaders waiting for after all what has bappened? We

would also like to ask whether the Arab leaders

realise that what is taking place in Beirut is a challenge to them and to the confidence between

The United States has done harm to all the

Arabs who are supplying its vein of life with oil. It

has plotted against all the Arabs when it plotted

together with Israel against the Palestine Lib-eration Organisation (PLO) and when it allowed

Israel to cut off essential services to West Beirut.

The United States, that is doing all this, is the

country that is enjoying Arab oil and funds. It is reciprocating by biting the Arabs in stubbornness

and arrogance. Arab leaders are requested to

define their position, because there is no longer

any room for waiting or for silence, because sil-

ence under such circumstances means bumiliation

them and the Arab masses?

JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: What are the Arab leaders waiting for?

Under the sight of the world and all the Arabs, Israel cut off water, electricity, foodstuff and medicine from Beirut. Thus Israel bas revealed what it could do to all the Arabs, if they continue as they are now.

Jordan has acted at the international level by having the U.N. Security Council issue a resolution with the hope of returning life to the Lebanese capital. Under the circumstances, many people are asking whether the oil taps and Arab funds will continue to pour to give power and life to those who are supporting Israel and supplying it with aid, to the point of cutting of water, electricity, food and medicine from Beirut?

Those who are putting forth this question want to know whether the people who are suffering hunger, thirst, disease and destitution in Beirut are worth anything in the calculation of the formula of oil and funds, and whether the Arab dignity which has been insulted means anything in the calculation of this formula? In other words, the

Al Dustour: PLO's survival needs no permission from anybody

Despite the continued siege of West Beirut and Israel's threats to destroy the city unless the Palestinian resistance is evicted from it, the ultimate goal of the Israeli invasion, as admitted by Prime Minister Menachem Begin overtly, is to impose Camp David upon the Arab countries and to force

them into a peace treaty with Israel. Begin made no secret that what is taking place in Lebanon is intended to pave the way for achieving this goal, and that negotiations between Lebanon and Israel would be the next step, to be followed by similar steps with other Arab countries, as he put it. Such statements which are part of the psychological warfare Israel is unleashing against the Arab Nation reveal the enormity of the big plot being implemented with U.S. participation. It also reveals the dangers threatening the Arab countries, which are still maintaining silence regarding the onslaught and the war of annihilation the Zionist invaders are unleashing against the Lebanese and Palestinian people.

The U.S. emphasis through presidential envoy Philip Habib on settling the Beirut crisis through disarming the Palestinian resistance and the Lebanese nationalist forces confirms the U.S.-Israeli plotting to liquidate the PLO militarily and politically and to break Arab opposition to the Camp David agreements.

American plotting and Arab silence will not enable Israel to liquidate the Palestinian resistance, even if it departs from Lebanon. When the resistance movement started, it did not take a permission from any Arab regime, or Israel, or the United States. Consequently, its continuation would not need a permit from the Arabs, Israelis or Americans, because it has the will and the determination to continue the struggle in order to regain the Palestinian people's rights.

SCIENCE & INDUSTRY

By Dr. Awn Rifai

Keeping an eye on pharmacies and drug dispensing

PHARAMCISTS IN Jordan have an association that cares for their needs and regulates their operations. Yet, there are some loopholes that ought to be bridged for the benefit of everybody.

The tasks performed by pharmacists have undergone a change over the past few years. Whereas a pharmacist used to prepare many drugs in his store and according to the physician's instructions, today's pharmacist possesses at his disposal a wide variety of readypacked drugs, thanks to the advances accomplished in the drug manufacturing industires. The physician prescribed the 'standardised' items and the pharmacist hands them over to the customer off the shelf.

Furthermore, a pharmacy

used to signify a store where drugs and chemical material were prepared and sold. Today, a pharmacy contains myriad items and products. many of them not directly related to medical use. In fact, the medical prescriptions section has become only a part of the store, and the sales from the non-medical sections exceed those of the prescriptions. Such changes in the pharmacy's role have made it more convenient to the cus-

As for dispensing the drug. errors occasionally occur in the selection or the sale of the appropriate drug. In some cases, the error emanates from the physician's side, when he prescribes an improper remedy for his patient due 10 poor

and Israel will be allowed in.

Eastern Lebanon also needs

help, he added. In the Bekaa Val-

ley lying across the mountain

road from Beirut to Damascus, at

least 10,000 refugees need aid and

their numbers are growing as

The Lebanese capital is now the

main focus of UNRWA's atten-

tion as the Israeli forces tighten

their noose around the city. The

agency is supplying rations to

about 12,000 Palestinian refugees

there, but a final assault on the city

more flee Beirut.

diagnosis or other reasons. A competent pharmacist should be able to detect the odd prescriptions and should alert the physician accordingly. Some-times, the pharmacist fails in spotting the error or in alerting the physician, leading to unforeseen consequences. The pharmacist too is often reluctant to inform the responsible authorities of the shortcoming on the physician's part, for fear of retaliatory action or our of sheer negligence, leaving the door open for more, and probably fatal, future errors in dis-

pensing.

After dispensing, some pharmacists keep the prescription form at the store. while others return it 10 the customer. Should a mistake develop, there would be no

proof that the drug had been purchased at any particular pharmacy, and the respon-sibility could nor thus be verified. Moreover, the customer could easily go into another store and obtain the same product, violating the physician's instructions.

Although the authorities do

fix the prices of drugs, there are

still some loopholes in this respect. For instance, pharmacists purchase similar, albeit non-identical, products at different prices from the various manufacturers or ngents. Given the option, they would of course sell to the customer the products of the manufacturer that offers rhem the best deal, even at the expense of quality. Some pharmacists

sites or elsewhere, would be hun-

dreds of millions, he ndded.

"Whether the camps are here or there is immaterial. We'll prob-

ably start from scratch anyhow,"

Mr. Rydbeck said. "Wherever

they are, they are our refugees."

sold in bulk or in packages. making additional profits.

Opening hours of pharmacies are not strictly adhered to, in particular the night-duty pharmeies. Moreover, some important and populated areas, such as Agaba are not assigned night-duty pharmacies at all, or at least such m

assignment is not publicised. Even licensing of pharmacies has become a profitmaking business too. Pharmacists register their names on the waiting list for licensing whether they intend to open up a store or not, and sub-sequently they sell their "turn" to the late-comer who is prepared to "satisfy their

After 32 years, it is 'back to square one' for UNRWA

By Guy Dinmore

VIENNA - The Israeli invasion of Lebanon has in just a few weeks wiped out years of work that the United Nations has done for thousands of homeless Palestinian

"We are back in Lebanon to where we started 32 years ago as an emergency relief organisation." Olof Rydbeck, the head of the U.N. Relief and Works Agency for Palestine refugees (UNRWA) said in an interview. The invasion destroyed camps. schools, warehouses and clinics. leaving about 175,000 Palestinian refugees out of a registered 237,000 in urgent need of aid, he

UNRWA, originally based in Beirm but operating from Vienna since the outbreak of the civil was in Lebanon in 1975, is mounting one of its biggest emergency operations and already blankets, food and medical supplies are on the way. One camp at Ein Hilweh near the port of Sidon was so badly destroyed that according to one local staff report nothing larger than 30 centimetres was left stand-

The 24,000 refugees who made it their home are now left in the open --- "tens of thousands of people, without anything, sitting on the ground in orange groves," Mr. Rydbeck said.

Some 60,000 Lebanese and Palestinian refugees had gathered around Sidon, the scene of beavy Israeli bombardments, but because of mines a Red Cross relief ship was unable to dock there to unload supplies. Convoys of UNRWA trucks, however, have driven south from Beirut bringing more than 100 tonnes of aid and future convoys will deliver flour, which is in short supply.

Israelis 'cooperative'

In Jerusalem, the Israeli government bas agreed to let UNRWA send a team into South Lebanon to survey the refugee needs. After an initial two-week delay the Israeli authorities were quite cooperative, Mr. Rydbeck

would make relief work imposs-First reports were sketchy. ible. "Against a background of a full-fledged siege of Beirut, what Minefileds and ammunition dumps have still to be cleared, could we do?" Mr. Rydbeck making it difficult to survey some of the former camps. Mr. Rydbeck said, but it is now hoped that sup-UNRWA is proof of rights plies stockpiled in Cyprus. Syria

UNRWA, which depends he added.

'Tens of thousands of people, without anything, sitting on the ground in orange groves.'

entirely on voluntary con-tributions for its existence, bas had to appeal to governments for \$39 million to cover relief operations for the next six months. The cost of rebuilding destroyed camps and

UNRWA was established in 1949 with a U.N. General Assembly mandate to help Palestinians displaced by the conflict with the newly established state of Israel.

Arab nations contributed less than

lem, although the majority of the 1,900,000 refugees registered with UNRWA now live in Syria, Jordan and Lebanon. Israel regards UNRWA was

income for 1981, saying Western

nations crented and must there-

fore finance the Palestinian prob-

helping the cause of the Palestine people by treating them as a special group, but working relations in the schools and camps in the West Bank and Gaza Strip, occupied by Israel since 1967, were good until disturbances there last year. Mr. Rydbeck said. But he added: "To the refugees, UNRWA is not only a provider of assistance, it also has symbolic value it is proof they have rights."



LETTERS

installations, whether on present nine per cent of UNRWA's

Lost between Amman and Safi

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Editor's reply:

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	Religious Programme
04:00	Local Programme
04:55	Sayings
05:10	Hopesty
65:40	Small Stations
06:05	
	Religious Programme
06:50	Local Programme
67:00	Tales from Ramadan
97:35	Local Programme
	Arabic Series
08:00	News in Arabic
08:30	The Holy Karaba
	Arabic Series
10:15	Religious Programme

-	
FOR	EIGN CHANNEL
_06:00	French Programme
	News in French
67:30	
	The two of va
	We will meet again
10:00	
10:15	Big Hawaii
_	-
•	RADIO JORDAN

	KH:, AM & 99 MHz, FM partly on 9560 KHz, SW
87:89 87:01	Sign or

67:89	
87:01	
07-30	News Bulletin
07-46	Morning Show
10.00	News Headlines
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1000	Morning Show
16:30	30 Minute Theatre
11:00	Signing off
12:50	News Headines
12-63	Pop Session
11-65	News Summary
13-63	Pop Semion
1440	Name Of Street
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14:10	Instrumentals
14430	Now Music
	Concert Hour
	News Summary
14-00	Mews Statistics
100.00	Instrumentals
16.35	Old Favourites
17:40	Old Pavourites
17:30	Pop Session
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18:43	Over a Cup of Tea
18:30	Story Time
9:00	News Desk (News Bulletin,
	Press Review, News Reports)
	News Reports
9:30	Instrumentals
M:30	Evening Show
11:40	
1:43	Evening Show
21:57	News Headines
22:00	Close down

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

96:00 Newsdesk 66:30 Country Style 66:45 Financial News 66:55 Reflections 07:00 World News 97:00 24 Hours News Summary 67:30 Tarantam 97:45 The World Today 68:00 Newsdesk 68:30 Sinfonia Concertante 97:00 World News 69:60 24 Hours News Summary 99:30 Letter from London 69:60 Book Chain 86:45 Parest on Belling 18:46 Choice 89:45 Report on Religion 19:98 World News 16:29 Reflections 19:15 The Philip Jones Bruss Hosemble 19:30 Brain of British 19:82 11:30 World News 11:59 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:39 Financial News 11:59 British Press Review 11:45 The World Today 11:39 Financial News 11:40 Look Abead 11:45 Terry Wogan's Album Time 12:15 Cam Man Live Without God? 12:30 Sheriock Hohnes 13:00 World News, News about British 12:15 Listening Post 13:29 Meridish 14:59 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Nature. Notebook. 14:25 The Farming World 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:50 World News 15:59 24 Hours News Summary 18:30 Priend of the Earth 16:15 Report on Religion 16:30 These Musical Islands 17:50 Radio News 18:59 Commentary 18:15 Lgor Stravinsky 18:45 The World Today 19:50 World News 19:50 Listening Post 19:25 New Hotes 19:25 Interhole 19:40 Book Choice 19:40 Sports Round-up 20:40 World News; 19:40 Sports Round-up 20:40 World News; News 20:50 Top Twenty 21:30 Conthols: News Summary 21:30 Stock Market Report 21:45 Look Abesd 21:45 In the Meantime 22:50 World News 22:50 24 Hours News Summary 21:20 A staignment 27:50 News Summary 21:50 A staignment 27:50 A time 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:30 Assignment 23:00 Nework UK 23:15 A World of Wind and Bress 23:30 Jazz for the Asking 24:00 World News 10:00 The World Today 02:25 Paperback Choice; Fissan-cial News 10:00 Reflections 10:45 Sports Round-up 11:00 World News; Com-

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Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of the contains a collection. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Treadays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countriested a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Mustazah, Jabel Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. ~ 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. ~ 6.00 p.m. Closed Treadays. Tel. 30128. Milliary Museum: Collection of inflicing memorabilist acting from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. 4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 64240. Saturdays. 1et. 64240.

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PRAYER TIMES

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FOR THE TRAVELLER

AMMAN AIRPORT

ARRIVALS

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1:10	Catro (EA)
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5-30	Cairo (RJ)
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	Normal summer weather with north-
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1	Yesterday's high temperature readings:
	Amman 30, Acaba 36, Hamidire mad.

was lost in transit between Amman and Safi. The baggage with my name, according to the driver of the vebicle, had dropped off on the way, and his efforts to trace same has been of no avail. Apart from the food and other valuables and presents in the bag, it sentimental value to me.

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American nautical archaeologist exposes a 2,000 year old crime

By Robert McDonald

ATHENS - An American underwater archaeologist believes he has uncovered a 2,000 year old crime - piracy committed off the north coat of Cyprus about 306B.C.

After five years library and lah work no the so-called Kyrenia ship. Michael Katzev, vice-president of the U.S. based Insti-tute of Nautical Archaeology, amphorae. 10,000 almonds, 30 believes that part of the vessel's cargo was looted, the four man crew was seized as slaves, and then the boat was scuttled.

The 15 metre, single master - zev. "There are several nthers that

not dissimilar to the tramp caiques plying inter-island trade in the eastern Mediterranean Ioday was discovered off the Cypriot port of Kyrenia in the late 1960s.

She had gone down around the end of the 4th century B.C. but almost immediately had been sealed in sand and silt from flash floods. Preserved in this nxygen free cocoon, she was seventy per ingots of iron and a consignment

of millstones doubling as ballast. "There is an other ancient ship quite as well preserved," says Kat-

have survived but nnne so complete has been found beneath the

> It took Katzev and a team of experts from twelve countries nearly five years in raise, reassemble and preserve the vessel. She stands, a tangible ghost from the past, in a special temperature and humidity controlled room in Kyrenia's crusader castle.

> For the past five years. Katzev has been poring over evidence associated with the recoverey at the American School of Classical Studies in Athens. Drawing on information about pottery and coinage and using the latest forensic techniques he has been build-

She was an old ship -- carbon dating says her timbers may have been as much as 100 years old -and the hull had been sheathed in

lead in keep nut seepage. But she was seaworthy and no her last voyage had sailed through eastern Aegean Dodecanese islands trading as she went.

She had collected one kind of wine at Samos, sailed on to the island of Nisyros to pick up the millstones and then carried nn to Rhodes for another vintage of the grape. The almnnds may have come from the south coast nf Anatolia before the vessel turned into npen waters heading fnr Cyp-

when disaster struck. And that is what puzzled Katzev. "She sank virtually in open water. There was no natural hazard. There was no evidence that the ship had suffered from storm damage."

But there was a great hole where several planks had been torn away between the keel and the bilge.

There was also a mysterious gap in the cargo. Some heavy commndity must have been loaded in the bow otherwise, given the placement of the rest of the cargo, the ship would have been stern heavy and unseaworthy.

Katzev was also bothered by the She was almost safely there fact that while there were four complete sets of eating implements found - plate, bowl, saucer, drinking cup and remnants of wooden spoon - there was no other evidence of the crew.

If the men had gone down with their ship, there almost certainly would have been the contents of a purse or some metal fittings from their clothes.

We found very few personal nbjects except several bone eyelets for a sandal.

We found nn comage to speak of except seven little hronze coins apparently lost in some fishing nets stored in the fore deck. There

Katzev's suspicions that a pirate

attack might have been the answer were confirmed when eight iron spear heads were discovered to have been embedded in the lead sheathing. He now reckons that the pirates

rowed out of one of the small coves that indent the north coast, overwhelmed the defenceless merchantman, stnle a valuable part of her cargo and then inten-

tionally scuttled her. The hapless crew were taken to be sold at the flourishing slave crime but I've not found the cul-market on the Greek island nf prists." he says. Delos.

Whatever the pirates stole was

probably portable and of high value, therefore easily disposed of. The cargo of 400 jugs of wine was valuable, but getting rid of it was another matter.

Ptolemy was cracking down nn pirates in the eastern Mediterranean at the time, and the punishment was crucifixion.

"The wine would have constituted a very hot item that they might not have been able easily to sell." says Katzev.

"I perhaps have uncovered a

-- Financial Times news faature

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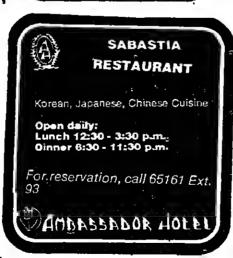
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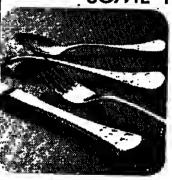


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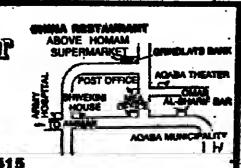
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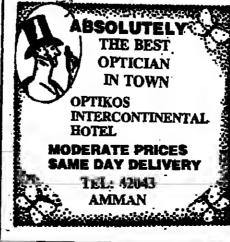
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OPTICIANS





Coe to miss clash with Ovett

LONDON (R) — Olympic 1.500 metres champion Sebastian Coe has a stress fracture in his lower right leg and will miss the first of three scheduled clashes with Steve Ovett. Britain's other outstanding middle distance runner, England athletics team manager Andy Norman said Tuesday.

Coe was due to meet Ovett over 3,000 metres at Crystal Palace, London, on July 17 during a four-way match between England, Japan, Sweden and Kenya. Later in the season they are to meet over 800 metres in Nice. France, and over a mile in Oregon, in the United States.

"It is difficult to say how long Seb will be out with this sort of injury," Norman said, but it could be several weeks.

The two men have not met since the Moscow Olympics in 1980

when Ovett took the gold ahead of Coe in the 800 metres and Coe beat him over the longer distance. Ovett has just returned to competition after an eight-month lay-off with a thigh muscle injury.

Knetemann wins Tour de France fourth stage

MOUSCRON, Belgium (R) — Gerrie Knetemann of the Netherlands won the 207 km fourth stage of the Tour de France from Beauraing to Mouscroo Tuesday. Sean Kelly of Ireland was sec-ond and Gregor Braum of West

Germany third. Phil Anderson of Australia remained overall leader.

Brazilian macumba drums silenced

BARCELONA (R) - Sad but resigned. Brazil packed their bags Tuesday after being dumped out of the World Cup finals by Italy.
"Brazil is not invincible," said team manager Tele Santana after

Oscar said: "It was trying to put on a show that sunk us." "Our football was better than theirs but they took advantage of their opportunities," Cerezo said.

Brazilian fans walked aimlessly or sat in silence on Barcelona's tree-lined Ramblas aveoue where macumba drums had been beating a victory rhythm the past few days.

The Brazilian Olympic Committee President, Silvano Margall, was taken to hospital with a heart ailment, doctors said. "It is hard to believe Brazil are out," said former Brazilian star

The shock of the Brazilian defeat showed on the front pages of 'What had seemed impossible has happened," the daily Ya said.

The newspaper ABC said: "The magnificent Brazilian transatlantic liner, capable of sailing smoothly io the most turbulent seas,

Europe captures all World Cup semi-final places

MADRID (R) - European football, after a series of humiliations at the hands of South American teams, preened itself Tuesday in the afterglow of capturing all four semi-final places in the 1982 World Cup finals.

Poland against Italy on Thursday evening in Barcelona's Nou Camp stadium and West Germany against France later the same night in the Sanchez Pitzjuan stadium, Seville, are the semi-final pairings that have restored Europe's self respect.

Despite the low-key nature of the tournament, the complete eclipse of European teams in the 1981 Gold Cup in Uruguay was widely regarded as confirmation of South American supremacy following Argentina's 1978 World Cup triumph.

Europe, represented by West Germany, Italy and the Nether-lands, failed to register a single win over South American rivals. Results included a 4-1 victory by Brazil over West Germany and a 2-0 win by Uruguay over Italy.

On the club front, too, South American sides have been riding high. Last December in Tokyo Brazil's Flamengo overran Liver-pool of England with three superb Zico goals to capture the World Club Championship which the previous year had been woo by Uruguay's Nacional.

So Europe can be excused for taking a large measure of satisfaction from the fact that they now have a monopoly of the 1982 World Cup finals.

The tributes handed out to Italian manager Enzo Bearzot after his team's famous 3-2 victory over Brazil Monday came mainly from fellow Europeans. "The Italian performance proved that we in Europe can play football as well as the South Americans," said England manager Ron

Jupp Derwall, the West German manager, commented: Until now we've only heard of Brazil as the favourites. Perhaps the Brazilians were overconfident. The Italian victory was quite just in view of the team's strong performance."

Greenwood.

In a word--strong-Derwall had provided the key to European success. Victory through strength has loog been one of the main

themes of the European game, just as victory through skill has been the South American maxim.

Although the score-sheet showed that it was Italian centreforward Paolo Rossi's stiletto finishing that destroyed Brazil, a greater influence on the result may well have been the destructive marking job that Claudio Gentile did on Zico.

Gentile received a booking for his over-zealous shadowing of Zico, just he had done for putting the shackles on Diego Maradona, and the two yellow cards mean he will miss the semi-final.

But theo Poland without Zbigniew Boniek, also barred after receiving two yellow cards, have no Zico or Maradona. Gentile's work is doze.

JORDAN T. V.

PROGRAMME DEP.



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The story deals with youth, and the love for their towns of a group of high school students and their parents Midland heights is a college town.

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The story of an archaeologist who is in exile in Greece. He managed to escape his son Paul, and the police started searching for him separately. The son took part in a smuggling venture. The Greek police imprisoned both of them at the end.

WALCOTT 4 x 52

Walcott is a policeman. He is assigned to a new station as detective constable. He fights injustice and prejudice.

SECOND CHANCE

The series deals with divorce as an inescapable fact of life and its effect on an ordinary family and proves not to be a bitter ending but a hopeful beginning.

HAVE I GOT YOU...

Tom, a dentist and his school teacher fiancee Val have been engaged for ten years.

The wedding date never seems to get fixed.

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Ten part series about an English nanny looking after other people's babies in the 1930's

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SECONDS OUT. 6X30

Dete decides that the world of boxing lacks his talent and determines to resolve the situation by turning professional.

Every Friday at 8:30 THE TWO OF US.

The ups and downs of the life of a proper English butler and his eccentric American celebrity employer. American version of the succesful British comedy "TWO'S COMPANY"

Every Wednesday at 8:30

PLAY OF THE WEEK. 1) LIFE FOR CHRISTINE.

A young girl is sentenced to be detained indefinitely in mental institutions. Her crime is to have set fire to some curtains. She is guilty only of being a misfit in society. A social worker meets Christine in prison and tries to regain her place in society. The story is based on an actual case his-

Every Monday at 9:10

2) KNIFE EDGE.

Three plays about criminals and their knife-edge relationship with the forces of law and order.

THREE SISTERS.

The play centres on the Prozorov household and the relationships between three sisters Olga, Masha, and Irina, their brother and his wife and their various friends and lovers.

A HUNDRED GREAT PAINTINGS

One hundred 10 - minute films, taking a closeindividual look at a selection of key works from the galleries of the world co-production with

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday

DRAMA

WE'LL MEET AGAIN

Drama series about the U.S. airforce in Britain during World War II. It deals with love war and history. The leading actress is Susannah York.

DOCUMENTARY. **GREAT DEPRESSION**

The great depression began in America in the autumn of 1929, when the New York Stock Exchange collapsed. The Wall Street crash, as it is known, triggered off a series of economic disasters which, within three years threw 12 million Americans out of work.

The depression rapidly spread through the industrialised, poorer and agricultural countries alike.

More than 40 million people were made jobless, more millions were thrown into poverty and there was starvation in some countries. The political effects of the depression were equally catastrophic. Many Latin American governments were violently overthrown and democracies were out under great strain. In one country, Germany, the great depression killed parliamentary democracy altogether and paved the way for the rise of Hitler. So the depression helped to bring about the Second World War.

Why did the great depression happen? What is its significance for us today?

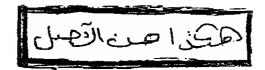
Is there going to be another?

The causes and the cures of the great depression are among the most controversal issues in economics today.

The programme focuses on the great depression in Britain, Germany and the United States. By use of archive films, interviews with people who lived through the period and filming in relevant locations, the programme tries to explain why it happened and what it was like to live through, and the risk that the 1980's may prove to be re-run of the

Five parts every Tuesday at 9:10

SATURDAY	SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDA
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ANG/E DOCTOR	FOCUS JORDAN IN ISLAMIC HISTORY	TERRY AND JUNE	LADIES MAN	THE TWO OF US	WHAT'S HAPPENING	SECONDS ON
ACTA ARE THESE		100 GREAT PAINTINGS	DOCUMENTARY	100 GREAT	LEVKAS MAN	100 GREAT
Saturday Variety Show	NANNY ·	PLAY OF THE WEEK		WE'LL MEET AGAIN	SECOND CHANCE	FAMILY
		NEW	S IN ENG	LISH		
FEATURE FILM	HART TO HART	WOLCOTT	.1HE SECRETS OF	BIG HAWAII	MOVIE OF THE	THE NAME
PLAY OF THE MONTH	FLAMINGO ROAD	THE LOVE BOAT	MIDLAND HEIGHTS	DALLAS		
	** ··· ·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	HEY	VS SUMMARY IN AR	ABIC	<u></u>	



OECD forecasts unemployment to be pushed to new highs

PARIS (R) - The industrial world should start its recovery from recession next year but memployment will be pushed to new highs, the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) forecast Wednesday.

The persistence of high real interest rates and low use of industrial capacity was unprecedented since the great depression of 1929-33, the OECD said in a iwice-yearly review of the economic trends of its 24 member

In what Chief Economist Sylvia Ostry said OECD members regarded as a major issue of frightening dimensions, the report said the number of unemployed in the OECD countries could approach a record 32 million, or nine per cent of the total workforce, in the first half of 1983.

The OECD also predicted that President Reagan's policies will keep U.S. interest rates high for another year. European countries and Japan have blamed high U.S.

interest rates for prolonging the recession and making it harder to boost their economies and create

The OECD said gross national product, which measures the total output of goods and services, would rise 2.5 per ceot in its area next year after rises of 0.5 per cent this year and 1.2 per cent in 1981.

It said the OECD economy had beeo in recession since early 1981 hui was now entering a new period with most of the effects of the tripling of oil prices in the early 1970's overcome.

But many countries are still maintaining tight economie policies and the problem of lowering interest rates, given worsening unemployment and improved inflation, is receiving increased attention in OECD countries.

"There is widespread concern that real interest rates are seriously impeding the desired recovery of private investment and this is amplified by the deterioration of corporate financial positions in

some countries," the report said. U.S. company bankruptcies are at a post World War II record and strains are appearing in industry, it

It said investment tended to pick up after a recovery in economic activity hut high interest rates might now mar the investment pickup. "The longer a stroog investment recovery is delayed, the more the risks in the situation

Unemployment has risen in Europe every year since 1974 and is now at its highest level since the beginning of the 1950's and remains at post-war highs in the United States.

According to the OECD forecast 31.75 million people would be jobless on average next year after 30 million in 1982. These figures showed a steep climb from 25.4 million jobless in 1981.

One hright spot in the report was the continuing slow decline in inflation. The OECD said inflation throughout the 24 countries would rise an average 7.5 per cent cent this year and 9.6 per cent in

It said the marked improvement in the OECD's price performance from near 13 per cent inflation in 1980 was partly due to falling world prices for commodities and

But wage demands in many cnuntries had become more responsive to conditions on the labour markets and to the financial problems faced by many companies, it reported.

The OECD said a feature of the current outlook was the pronounced improvement in the wage and prices performance in the United States, with 5.5 per cent inflation forecast next year.

Inflation in Japan is expected to be 4.25 per cent next year and in West Germany three per cent. However, the OECD said four

nf its members had inflation of over 20 per cent and nine nthers were close to or above 10 per cent. It said this gap might widen through successive rounds of cur-

in 1983 after increases of 8.25 per rency depreciation and excessive wage and price increases.

In contrast to recent years it reported little expected change over the next 18 months in OECD trade volumes and prices or in the overall balance of payments on current account.

The total OECD current account deficit, which covers trade and services such as insurance and tnurism, was forecast to rise to \$20.25 billion next year from \$15.25 hillion this year, but would remain well below the \$70.5 billion shortfall in 1980.

Mrs. Ostry told a press conference that forecasts of record unemployment were a very worrying feature which OECD governments regarded as a major issue of frightening dimensions.

She said what has been called a 'hide and seek" economic recovery would occur in the OECD next.

The OECD forecast that the oil market glut would cause rapid deterioration in the current account surpluses of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) by the end of

The OPEC current account surplus fell by \$50 billion in 1981 and could drop a further \$60 billion this year to show a surplus of only \$5 billion.

This enormous swing reflects a 50 per cent increase in imports and lower exports, but the OECD said the international banking system should be able to cope smoothly with the change.

However, it warned that the heavy concentration of bank loans in a small number of debtor countries and the deteriorating financial position of some oil exporting countries call for careful monitor-

In its forecasts the OECD assumed that nominal oil prices, exchange rates and economic policies would remain unchanged. The U.S. dollar rose 20 per cent between the end of 1979 and the end of May this year when the report was drawn up.

ion, leading Spaniards to turn

Political sources in Madrid said

there was little Prime Minister

Calvo Sotelo could do to put pres-

weakened by divisions and deser-

tions, faces possible defeat by the

socialists in general elections due

The Spanish government has

looked at EEC membership more

in political than economic terms.

On the economic front, delay in

entry would prejudice farmers.

who are ready for immediate

entry, hut give further breathing

space to industrialists to prepare

His ruling Centrist Party.

against entry, he said.

sure on the Community.

within nine months.

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JULY 7, 1982

TYOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You have a great deal of ingenuity and resourcefulness now and you would be wise to use modern methods to help achieve your aims. Avoid

acting in an unpredictable manner. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Ideal time to handle detailed work that is important to you. Don't do anything that,

could upset existing conditions. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20] Study your surroundings and make needed improvements. A new interest is appealing, hut don't make any changes now.

GEMINI (Mey 21 to June 21) Plan nutaide recreations ; that appeal to you and be more enthused about them. Do something thoughtful for family members.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) You have to be alert to put your affairs in proper order today. Exercise your best manners in dealing with others.

LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21] Study your monetary status well, and be sure not to inveat more heavily than you can afford. Evening is fine for entertainment.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Some existing conditions could cause you to make radical changes, but this would be unwise: Take needed health treatments.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Instead of feeling fruatrated over existing conditions, get husy and do the work that facea you. Be logical.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Show more consideration for associates and gain their backing for a very important project you have in mind.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Don't neglect to handle an important civic matter today. Avoid a temptation to spend more money than you can afford.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Study new projects that could increase your income in the days ahead. Don't lose your temper with anyone today.

AQUARIUS (Jen. 21 to Feb. 19) Make sure you handle your responsibilities well at this time. Don't let others take unfair advantage of you.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Talk matters over with associates so you'll know exactly what is expected of you. Don't waste time on unimportant matters.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she could develop conflicting emotions, and it would be wise for youto teach how to distinguish one from another, otherwise your progeny could fall sbort of reaching goals. Give the best education you can afford.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

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for one

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Kind of

EEC's demands raise concern over entry of Spain, Portugal BRUSSELS (R) - Receding a surprise, to the Madrid govmunity leaders had recently ties, trade unions and industries. vers in Lisbon said. But continuing delay could bring a turnabout in public opin-

hopes that Spain and Portugal will be able to join the European Community in 1984 are causing growing concern in Lisbon and Madrid.

Problems over textiles, steel, banking and other key issues are making it increasingly unlikely tlat negotiations on their entry will be completed by the end of this year to enable the Common Market's enlargement from the beginning of 1984.

Earlier this week, a summit of the 10 Community leaders ordered the European Commission to draw up a detailed list of problems involved in Portuguese and Spanish membership.

Diplomats said the move would almost certainly delay Spain's entry, and it is came as a bitter disappointment, though hardly as

THE BETTER HALF

More U.K. drivers

ignore strike call

LONDON (R) - An indefinite strike by Britain's train drivers

entered its third Tuesday but state-owned British Rail said about one

train in 12 was running as more drivers ignored the strike call.

British Rail operated 1,250 trains, about eight per cent of the

normal service, Monday. By mid-morning Tuesday about 500 trains

The strike is regarded as a showdown between British Rail and the

The rosters are designed to increase productivity and cut British

Rail's losses, expected this year to be at least £185 million (\$322

"It must be out of gas, otherwise it would've started

. by now."

had run and officials hoped the service would be more complete.

striking Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen

(ASLEF), which is protesting against the introduction of new work

ernment.

Spain's bopes for early membership have suffered repeated sethacks since former French President Valery Giscard d'Estaing said in 1980 it could not join until the Common Market had solved its internal problems.

With French farmers and wine growers fearful of Spanish competition, President Francois Mitterrand has been even tougher, telling King Juan Carlos during an official visit to Madrid last week that Spain's entry under current

rules could lead to disaster. This was a hard blow for Prime Minister Leopoldo Calvo Sotelo, who has made entry into the Common Market and NATO his main foreign policy goals to end Spain's isolation under Francisco Franco and to strengtheo the

By Vinson

fragile Spanish democracy, ever threatened by the right-wing

Mr. Raimundo Bassols, secretary of state for relations with the Community, said Spain's

NEWS ANALYSIS

hopes of joining by 1984 had been shattered by the decision. Spanish

In Lisbon, Portuguese officials insist they are keeping to the same schedule, despite the Common

envoys would shortly meet Commission President Gaston Thom to discuss how Spain could take part in drafting the study, he said.

They stressed that the problems lay with Sapin, and that all Com-

assured Portugal that they wished to keep to the original schedule. This was repeated by British Foreign Secretary Francis Pym during a visit last week.

Portuguese officials said the Community heads of government, while agreeing it would be better for both countries to join at the same time, had also assured Portugal that if the Spanish problem proved too great, it could join Sources at the commission here,

however, have said that for technical, economic and institutional reasons it would be extremely unlikely that the two countries could joio separately. Any delay would be unlikely to

have a serious effect on the Portuguese economy, but it could discourage foreign investors, obser-

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) — The market was firm in relatively active trading, and the F.T. index at 1500 hours Tuesday was up 6.2 at 554.6. The stronger trend was underpinned by a further cut in Bank of

Eogland money market dealing rates, which fuelled hopes that

Electricals and pharmaceuticals again led the way. GEC adding 7p to 1015 and Glaxo 15p to 725. Thorn, Plessey and Beecham

South African gold shares drifted to the lowest levels of the day

despite news a strike by white miners had been averted, while U.S.

Government bonds extended Monday's gains, although prices dipped 1/4 point after the U.K. banking data, reflecting some

The early trend on the New York bond market was also dis-

couraging, but prices still ended around 1/8 point up in longs and 1/4

point higher in shorts. The government broker supplied more of the short "tap" stock, treasury 1214 pct 1986 convertible, this

5.1 per cent stake in the group. Bats rose 10p to 433 while Eagle

Star gave up 2p of recent speculative gains.

UDS ended 5p up at 66 after news Heron Corp had bought a

disappointment at the bank lending figures, dealers said.

U.K. interest rates will fall shortly, dealers said.

The higgest hlow would be the psychological effect on a young democracy anxious to join modem democratic Europe and the loss of face for Prime Minister Francisco Ointo Balsemao. who over the past six months has made a series of visits to European capitals to speed Portugal's entry.

Mr. Balsemao's democratic alliance government has a large majority in parliament, but his own leadership qualities have often been questioned with his Social Democratic Party.

Similar pressures could now face the Spanish government. Mr. Bassols, Community relations secretary, said recently that Spain was unique because there was unanimity in favour of Commoo Market entry among political par-

for tough competition. **LONDON EXCHANGE RATES**

LONDON (R) — Following are the huying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the Londoo foreign exchange and hullion markets Tuesday.

One sterling One U.S. dollar

1.7245/55 1.2920/27 2.4833/43 2.7435/55 2.1185/1200

47.44/47 6.8885/8935 1393.50/1394.25 257.10/25 6.1470/90

6.3655/70 8.5815/30

U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders

Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns

One ounce of gold 312.75/313.25

THE Daily Crossword by Judson G. Trent ACROSS Dive or 5 Ear part 11 Geom. signoff 14 Mashie Norwegian crowns Danish crowns 15 Meal U.S. dollars

16 Actress

Mary

20

17 Moon phase

naire item

— de la

21 Haphazard 23 Dalliances 27 Plaintiff

Paix

28 Flaxen

Peanuts

17p to 1015 and

rose 7p to 10p.

and Canadians were neglected.









Mutt 'n' Jeff







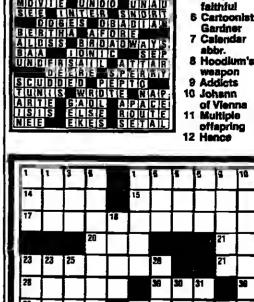
Andy Capp

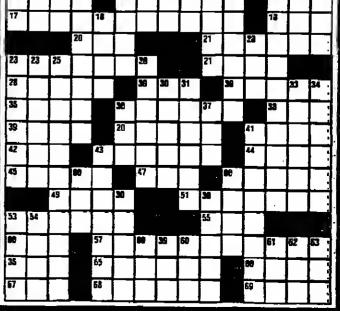












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JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Herri Armold and Bob Lea Unscramble these four Jumples one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words. KANE COKA **KAJECT** WHAT YOU HAVE TO HAVE IN ORDER TO MAKE MONEY. RICION Now arrange the circled letters to gested by the above cartoon. (Answers tomorrow) Jumbies: BIRCH FLAME THWART NAUSEA Arismer: They seem to go away for vacation about the same time most fishermen do—THE FISH

WORLD

4 mercenaries get Aeroflot jet Israeli blockade hits Mitterrand to start first death sentences in Seychelles

Four white mercenaries were sentenced to death Tuesday for their part in an attempt to overthrow the Seychelies government last Nnvember.

The four - two Zimbabweans, a South African and a Briton pleaded guilty to treason when the trial began last month.

A fifth, confessed South African intelligence agent Martin Dolincheck, was found guilty nf treason Monday and was given a 20-year jail term by the Seychelles high court Tuesday.

Justice Earle Seaton said Dolincheck was an accomplice to the coup attempt, not a direct participant, and had also shown a spirit of contribution while conducting his nwn defence.

The four are: Jeremiah Puten of South Africa, Zimbabweans Frank Brooks and Roger England

and Briton Bernard Carey.

A fifth mercenary, Robert Sims of South Africa, was also due to be sentenced Tuesday on firearms offences to which he pleaded guilty. A charge of treason against him was dropped when he admitted the arms charges.

Seychelles authorines say that, with the exception of Puren, the

named in the indictment against

the "Gang of four" radical leaders

Police have arrested nine pro-

testers who gave themselves up to

shipyard officials Monday after

attacking a U.S. nuclear sub-

marine and painting "U.S.S.

A spokesman for the protesters

said members of the group had

boarded the Trident submarine.

Florida, from a boat, hammered

on the missile hatches, poured

blood into them and damaged two

They had given themselves up

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

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North-Snuth vulnerable.

EAST

◆ Vnid

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OKJ87

4 A Q 1085

East deals.

043

↑ A 9832 ♥ 2

♦ 10965

. SOUTH

The bidding:

.**♣** J 7 3

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NORTH

' ♥KQ4

♣ QJ 105

♠ K964

◆ K764

♥ A J 753 0 A Q 2

East South West North

1 ↑ Dble 1 ↑ 1NT Pass 2 ♡ Pass 3 ♡

Pass 4 V Pass Pass

Opening lead: Jack of .

: If there was a better dum-

my player than the legend-

ary Helen Sobel Smith, it is

news to us. That is not just

the opinion of nne of the

writers of this column, whn

was for many years her

regular partner, but also the

opining of the world's great dispers who had the

Her bidding might nnt have always warmed the

hearts of purists, but no mat-

ter how high ahe climbed in

the auction, she had the abili-

ty to deliver the contract if

privilege of watching her.

Auschwitz' on it.

throw the government of President Albert Rene and to reinstate former President James Man-

The plot was uncovered when a customs nfficer at Seychelles airport found a gun concealed in the luggage of a foreigner arriving on a Swaziland Airways flight in a group posing as a beer-drinking

The sentences are the first in either country since the coup attempt on Nnv. 25 last year.

The Seychelles authorities say that Puren was nne of the mercenaries and was injured in the fighting round the airport.

A seventh defendant, Briton Susan Ingles, was deported to South Africa last month after all charges against her were dropped without explanation.

In his testimony Dolincheck, a self-confessed member of South Africa's National Intelligence Service (NIS), said he was recruited by Congo mercenary leader "Mad" Mike Hoare usino money provided by exiled Seychelles husinessmen to topple President Rene's left-wing gov-

President Rene deposed James Mancham five years ago in a bloodless coup.

Moscow

MOSCOW (R) - All passengers were killed when a Soviet Byushin-62 airliner bound for West Africa crashed shortly after take-off from Moscow's Sheremetyevo airport early Tuesday, a hospital official said.

An official of Moscow's Botkin Institute, contacted by telephone, said no-one could have survived the crash which occurred 10 kilometres from the airport. "The catastrophe was so serious, so horrible, that we did not need to give medical attention tn anyone,"

The official said he did not know bow many people were aboard the aircraft, which carries a maximum of 182 passengers.

West African diplomatic sources said the plane was about half full. It was bound for Sierra Leone, with a stop in Senegal. The Botkin Institute, an elite

medical centre, deals with most foreign patients in Moscow. The Soviet ministry of civil aviation, announcing the crash, said a

special inquiry would be set up to investigate its causes. West African diplnmatic sources said there were at least 16

Sierra Leone citizens on board and some Senegalese students. The Sierra Leone embassy said Soviet officials had told them they

would provide details Wednesday.

protest murder

of 3 colleagues

ACCRA (R) — Ghanaian judges decided Tuesday to withdraw

their services in protest at the 'callous and coldblooded' mur-der of three colleagues, the Ghana

A statement issued after an

emergency meeting chaired by

Chief Justice Fred Apaloo said the

judges had failed to find any dis-

coverable motive for the murders

and that the victims had per-

formed their duties in accordance

with their judicial oaths and in the

manner expected by right-

The statement added that

Ghana's head of state, Flight-

Lieutenant Jerry Rawlings, who

iudges to continue to discharge

Last Saturday the bullet-riddled

and partly burnt bodies of three

kobee, 53, and Kwadwo Agy-

news agency said.

thinking Ghanaians.

their duties undaunted.

The thud of exploding shells rumbled nearby as he talked, a reminder of the cause of his ailing business.

He said only a trickle of fresh

The blockade is part of increasingly tough Israeli siege tactics aimed at forcing thousands of Palestinian commandos holed up in the city to agree to withdraw.

stepped-up military action against the commandos if they refuse to leave West Beirut.

Palestinian and Lehanese civilians left in West Beirut with the comtage is a serious blow.

Pope, Glemp discuss

planned August visit

VATICAN CITY (R) — Pope unspecified conditions demanded

John Paul Tuesday discussed his by the Polish government, the

sources said.

crashes near W.Beirut population week nid israeli siege had nn

affected food supplies from the

Miniday night, minst goods were

rest of Lebannn into West Beirut.

still available, but shortages were

beginning in appear as people

stocked up and traders said they

were not able to replenish empty

They said hread was still available from a West Beirut Bakery

but one store owner, who gave his

name as Gaby, said the electricity

cuts and high cost of fuel meant he

could not afford to keep a

generator running to keep his

"It's getting pretty awful. I have stupped fresh meat and cheese

and had to put prices up. I'm even

Ironically, he still had shelves

laden with foreign liquor and

other luxury gonds which he said

Across the street, another

supermarket, still well stocked

with meat and cheese, was dning a

rnaring trade. The manager, pistnl

at his side, said he could keep his

freezers working and had laid in a

large stock, but he seemed to be an

Out on the pavement, people

crnwded round fruit and vegetable

barrows still selling a large variety

of aubergines. Jettuces. mmatoes,

plums, melons and other goods,

but vendors said they were wor-

ried that supplies would soon run

Fuel is also in short supply.

Many petral stations are closed

and thuse that are open have long

queues with armed commandos

firing in the air to clear the way for

Ope store owner, Mahmoud, Labban, closed up his Women's

Fashion Shop two weeks ago when

it was damaged by an explosion.

down at the seafront sunbathing in

from of the deserted Hotel Rivi-

era as a group of commandos bus-

ily built a sand-bag emplacement

by its bullet-shattered front entr-

"Myself, my wife and two teen-

age daughters have to stay in

Beirut because we have nowhere

else to go," he said, sipping a cof-

fee bought from one of the few

stalls still open along the seafront.

unless Israeli gunboats chase us

While the Polish authorities

feared the effects of another tour

by the Pope, the Vatican wanted

to avoid giving mnral support to

the assumption that the Pope will

make his second visit to Poland

during the second half of August

in order to avoid a last-minute

rush, as occurred before his visit to

Britain in May. The Pope has spoken of the

obligation he feels as a Pope to

visit his homeland during the

600th aniversary of the Black

Madonna of Czestochowa, an icon

revered by Polish Catholics as a

Vatican officials are working on

the martial-law regime.

"We come here every day now,

Minnday he was, incongruously,

military vehicles.

nobody was buying any more.

low nn fresh bornled water.

freezer working.

exception.

BEIRUT (R) — Israel's blockade of besieged West Beirut has started to hit home, with traders saying they will be nut of fresh food within days if supplies are not allowed in.

"If this blockade goes on I can't stay in business for more than a week", said one supermarket owner in the central district of Hamra Monday as he surveyed his duninishing stocks.

The Israelis themselves say they have no intentinn of starving nut

the population nr denying it water. But, despite a U.N Security Council resolution calling for free access for vital supplies to civilians, they and their Right-Wing Lebanese allies appear to have tightened an economic blockade they imposed nn Saturday.

Journalists on the spot Monday said a Red Cross convny was turned back from West Beirut and 14 trucks loaded with fresh vegetables and other food were refused permission to enter.

In a major fruit and vegetable market. Souk Al Koudra, where West Beirut's street vendors buy their supplies, trader Adnan Saraje shrugged his shoulders: "This morning I could supply my customers, but tomorrow .-?" he looked round at the largely empty Ramshackle Market Stalls, where mangy cats pick among smouldering heaps of uncollected gar-

Trickle of supplies

supplies were coming through from Israeli-held East Beirut since two out of three crossings into the city's Western sector were closed on Saturday.

Israel has not ruled out

For the estimated half-million away. Yes, we are a little scared.

Until the weekend, the three- but what can we do?"

planned visit to Poland next

month with Archhishop Jozef

Glemp and other Polish Carbolic

There was no official statement

after the one-hour meeting

attended by Archbishop Glemp,

the Catholic primate of Poland,

Cardinal Franciszek Macharski,

Archbishop of Krakow, and four other Polish prelates.

The Pope held a first meeting

with Archbishop Glemp when he

arrived Monday for a visit that

Vatican sources said was meant to

clarify whether the Pope will carry

out his intention to go to Poland

The Polish bishops, too, want

next Aug. 26.

leaders, Vatican sources said.

East Bloc visit today

PARIS (R) - President Francois Mitterrand makes his first trip to a Communist country since his electinn 14 months ago when he goes to Hungary Wednesday for a twn-day nfficial visit.

Mr. Mitterrand also plans to go tn Romania in September and Bulgaria next year.

During his Hungarian visit, the first hy a French head of state, he will have two rounds of talks with Communist Party leader Janos Kadar whn visited France in Navember 1978.

Topics at the Budapest talks are expected to include East-West relations, disarmament and European security, Hungarian and

French afficials said.

Mr. Mitterrand has often indicated that he would not visit Moscow until the Kremlin showed readiness to end its military intervention in Afghanistan.

A trip to the Soviet Union also seems unlikely because of what the president regards as the Sovert role in the Polish military crack-

down, his aides say. But French officials say Mr. Mitterrand has sympathy for Hungary's efforts to build a mixed economy and does not feel it should be included in any sanc-tions against the Soviet Bloc over events in Poland.

The French, like the Hungarians, argue that the East-West dialogue should be restored.

British premier to discuss key issues with Italians

ROME (R) — British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher arrives Tuesday for talks which diplomats say will show whether she has "furgiven Italy for the Falklands."

Italy pulled out of European community sanctions against Argentina when the powerful Socialist Party threatened to plunge the coalition government headed by Republican Giovanni Spadolimi into crisis over the issue. Mr. Spadolini and Foreign Minister Emilio Cnlombo did their best to persuade Mrs. Thateher that the matter was bev-

say the move still rankles. Mrs. Thatcher has been among the staunchest defenders of the East-West pipeline tn earry Siberian natural gas to Europe. Her concern at U.S. policy towards it is shared by Italy which has millions of dollars worth of contracts tied up in its construction and operation.

ond their control, but diplomats

Both countries see themselves on security affairs.

as key European allies of the United States and diplomats expect the talks to deal with strategic issues including the deployment of 112 Cruise missiles on Italian soil against the Soviet

On economic policy, Mr. Spadolini's government does not view the Thatcher recipe for curbing inflation with great relish.

Although the two administrations have common goals in eutting the rate of inflation, Mrs. Thatcher's solutions do not excite much admiration among Italian politicians, who see unemployment as a threat tu political and social stability.

One issue, however, on which the two feel close is the fight against political violence. Interior Minister Virginio Rognoni has travelled to London several times for private talks on anti-guerrilla tactics and diplomatic soutces say there is a good deal of cooperation

Poles admit martial law has been unsuceessful

Poland's economic recession since the military took power last December have been largely unsuccessful, the Sejm (parliament) was told Monday.

"Despite the concerted efforts of the political leadership, the government and society, the recession has not been halted", said Zbigniew Gertych presenting a report by the Sejm planning

commission. Mr. Gertych, commission chairman, said there had been signs in recent months that the downward trend was being curbed and some industrial branches there had shown improvement.

"However overall industrial production in the first half of 1982 was six-per-cent lower than the same period last year and 14per-cent below the first half of 1979," Mr. Gertych said during a debate on the 1982 hudget.

The government's draft hudget was expected to be approved at the two-day Sejm session which started Monday. It was initially sent back by the Seim commission which rejected the huge proposed deficit.

The head of the state auditing commission, veteran politician Mieczyslaw Moczar, bitterly attacked senior-level officials for failing to carry out properly the government's economic reform programme.

WARSAW (R) - Efforts to curb Polish industry, which he said was afflicted with "poor organisation. shoddy workmanship and waste."

'Lift martial law'

WARSAW (R) - An independent Polish member of the Sejm (parliament) appealed Monday for the lifting of martial law, a general amnesty and the restoration of suspended organ-

Romuald Bukowski made an impassioned appeal to the Sejm for a programme to promote national accord in view of existing "political and social tensions in the country."

Mr. Bukowski said the authorities should take the initiative to build a bridge between themselves and the people and make a gesture of magnanimity. As an alternative to lifting martial law the authorities could soften it to a less drastic formula, he

The government has said it is gradually reducing martial law restrictions as the security situation improves. Church and diplomatic sources believe there will be further gestures this month. including the release of many internees.

Mr. Bukowski, a non-party member from the northern port Gdynia, is the only parliamentarian who voted against last December's introduction of martial law.

China signals Soviet helicopter

to the Wazir Akhba Khan Hos-Pagman fighting on June 29, the sources said. They said a column of Soviet and Afghan forces tried to take supplies and reinforcements to a government garnorth of Kabul which was surrounded by the rebels. Several armoured vehicles were reported destroyed by the rebels before the relieving column withdrew, the sources said. Another Soviet-Afghan convoy which tried to reach Pagman on July 3 was ambushed by rebels and a truck carrying the bodies of dead Soviet soldiers was seen later moving through Kabul the sources said. Soviet ground troops had been withdrawn from the rugged Panjaher valley about 65 kilometres north of Kabul after a recent Soviet-Afghan government offen-

epong, 56, were found on the the visit to go ahead but have brought the Pope ward of so-far symbol of their faith and nation-Accra plains. He painted a gloomy picture of Kampuchean radicals, moderates search for common ground

By Catherine Campbell .

Why did declarer choose Former head of state Prince

mond rather than a spade, Helen decided that he was void in apades. Therefore, it was quite possible that East held four hearts, and the line nf play adopted by South protected against that pos-

BANGKOK - Three Kampuchean resistance leaders who have set up a coalition aimed at. expelling Vietnamese occupation forces from their country hold only a tiny Westero fringe of its Their command over the loy-

alties of their five million countrymen, ruled since January 1979 by the Hanoi-backed government of President Heng Samrin, is impossible to determine.
"The coalition is bringing

together three leaders who don't like each other and have nothing in common except their desire to drive the Viemamese out of their country," said an Asian diplomat. Who can unagine what will hap-

Norodom Sihanouk, 59, who became president of the coalition recently, is generally agreed to be its best hope of gaining world support and firing the patriotism of the impoverished Kampucheaus. The vice-president of the coaliton, Mr. Khieu Samphan, is the

leader of the ousted Khmer Rouge

government, which still legally represents Kampuchea at the United Nations. The Peking-hacked Khmer

Rouge are still widely reviled for mass killings which marked their harsh rule from 1975 to 1979. Fear of a Khmer Rouge return

to power, fanned by Vietnamese propaganda, still haunts many Kampucheans, according to visitors to the country.

The Vietnamese charge that the coalition is merely a mask for the

Khmer Rouge and a blatant bid to gain them respectability and ensure their U.S. seat by linking

right", a Western diplomat said. Mr. Son Sann, who heads the three-year-old Khmer Peoples National Liberation Front (KPNLF), joined the coalitinn as prime minister only because it could mean internal aid for the KPNLF, his followers said.

NEWS ANALYSIS

them with Prince Sihanouk and former Prime Minister Son Sann. "And the Vietnamese may be

Both Mr. Son Sann and Prince

Sihanouk have denounced the Khmer Rouge for what they say are their excesses, including killing relatives of the prince.

The joint declaration on the coalition, which emerged after almost a year of talks, makes clear that each of the three groups maintains its own identity and that all decisions will be made by con-

"It also provides an escape clause for the Khmer Rouge," a Western diplomat said. "If the coalition reaches an impasse, the legal government of Kampuchea reverts to the Khmer Rouge alone. The Khmer Rouge seem to have everything they wanted." The diplomat added: "Prince

Sihanouk has said be is not optimistic about the coalition and it's not hard to understand why." The question of aid to the coalition is one of the main uncer-

tainties in its future. "Talk of military aid from the West and Southeast Asia was a carrot used to encourage the Kampucheans to unite," one diplomat said

"But now that it has come to the crunch no country will admit to being willing to provide military

He added: "Non-Communist countries are promising political support and humanitarian assistace, but the Kampucheans had more than that in mind."

The Chinese-armed Khmer Rouge, with about 30,000 guerrillas, are the major fighting force against an estimated 200,000 Vietnamese troops in Kampuchea.

China has also provided some arms to the 8,000 KPNLF soldiers and Prince Sihanouk's Moulinaka force, which numbers little more than a thousand.

Military cooperation among the three groups was extremely unlikely, diplomats said. The first task for the coalioon is

to establish a base where the three leaders can meet regularly and where the coalition could be established as a political entity. Mr. Khieu Samphan lives

mostly in the Khmer Rougecontrolled western Kampuchean jungle, while Mr. Son Sann commutes between France and his KPNLF bases along the Thai-Kampuchean border about 280 kilometres northeast of Bangkok. Prince Sihanouk has also said be

will settle on the border, temporary home for about 200,000 other displaced Kampucheans.

thaw in attitude towards Angola

PEKING (R) — China said Tuesday it wanted to normalise diplomatic relations with Angola, seven years after the former Fortuguese colony became independent under a Soviet-backed government.

The magazine Peking Review said China already had unofficial contact with Angola and had suggested that the two countries normalise their relations.

Moscow was accused of supporting one faction, the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola (MPLA), before independence and apposing the other two groupings, aggravating the conflict between the three organisations. The MPLA, backed by the

Soviet Union and Cuba, is now the ruling party in Angola. China supported the U.S.-backed National Front for the

Liberation of Angola (FNLA), during the Angolan civil war that led to independence in 1975, but Chinese support for the FNLA was limited to a few weapons and

MIDDLE EAST **NEWS** BRIEFS

Red Cross supplies on way to Lebanon

BONN (R) - Medical supplies for civilians caught up in fighting between Israeli forces and Palestinian commandos are on their way to Lebanon, the West German Red Cross said Tuesday. The organisation's president. Prince Botho Zu Sayn-Wittgenstein-Hohenstein, told a news conference the hospital ship Flora, carrying supplies which include 10 ambulances, would dock at a Lebanese port this week. He said 20 more ambulances were making their way overland to the troubled region and a West German medical team was already in Lebanon helping victims of the conflict.

4 Islamic states favour summit on Lebanon

TUNIS (R) — Algeria, Morocco, Pakistan and Tunisia favour convening an Islamic summit on the Lebanon situation, sources close to the Tunisian foreign ministry said Monday. The sources said that Foreign Minister Beji Caid Essebsi would attend a preparatory meeting of Islamic foreign ministers but that a date and venue had not been decided.

London, Belgrade condemn Israeli attacks on Lebanon

BELGRADE (R) - Britain and Yugoslavia condemned the Israeli invasion of Lebanon in speeches at a dinner for British Foreign Secretary Francis Pym here Monday night. Mr. Pym. who arrived for a two-day official visit Monday morning, said Britain understood Israel's need for security but the military setback of the Palestinian people and the occupation of Arab lands would never bring real security. His host, Foreign Minister Lazar Mojsov, denounced Israel's policy of "brutal and permanent aggression" in the Middle

Ecevit sentenced to short jail term

ANKARA (R) — Former Turk-ish Prime Minister Bulent Ecevit was sentenced to two months and 27 days in jail Tuesday for defying a military decree which bans former politicians from making public statements. The charges followed an article he wrote for the West German magazine Der Spiegel and an interview given to Dutch Television. He will now also have to serve a month remitted on grounds of good conduct from an earlier sentence on similar charges. Mr. Ecevit, 57. still faces two other charges relating to an alleged interview with a Danish reporter and a letter to a Dutch journalist. He was detained for 54 days on those charges but

Afghan Mujahedeen claim downing

NEW DELHI (R) - Afghan

later released to await trial.

rebels shot down a Soviet belicopter gunship in recent fighting at Pagman north of Kabul, Western diplomatic sources said here Tuesday. The bodies of 22 Afghan government soldiers were brought pital in Kabul two days after the rison at Pagman 15 kilometres sive in the valley, the sources said.

accused were an advance party for a mercenary force hired to over-Peking jails 3 officers for abortive coup role PEKING (R) — China confirmed Tuesday that three former senior air force officers had been jailed for their part in an abortive coup

who were jailed in January 1981 against Chairman Mao Tsetung I J

. The independent Hong Kong newspaper Ming Pao reported Monday that the three officers had been jailed for between 11 and 14 years for plotting against Mao. The officers, Wang Weiguo, Hu Ping and Gu Tongzhou, were

after boarding Trident sub

GOREN BRIDGE

It was disclosed during the trial of the "gang" that Wang had been ordered to shoot Mao with a pistol when he was received by the chairman aboard his private train.

Wang and his two colleagues were accused in the indictment of plotting with Mao's heir Lin Biao to stage an armed uprising with Soviet assistance which included

Eleven nther senior air force officers were jailed by a military court in May 1981 for between for conspiring to stage a coup four and 15 years. Four of the officers were released because they had already been in custody for longer than their sentences. The fact that most of the con-

necessary while the old Maoist system is being drastically plans to attack Mao's train with

spirators have not been tried apparently reflects the feeling in the current leadership that consensus rather than confrontation is

flame throwers and bazookas. U.S. protest group surrender Ghanaian judges

GROTON, Connecticut (R) - to officials of the electric boat shipyard in Groton, the spokesman added. Police said nine people had been arrested at the shipyard early Monday on charges of criminal

conspiracy, trespassing and mischief but they would not comment on the damage. Electric boat, a division of General Dynamics Corporation, is one

of two commercial huilders of fast-attack nuclear submarines for the U.S. navy and is sole maker of the giant, missile-firing tridents.

there was any hope. Here's an example of her skill. has ordered a special inquiry into the murders, had advised the Against four hearts West got off to the good start of the jack of clubs - a low club would have end played East at trick one; and ace of high court judges, Cecilia Koran-teng Addoh, 46, Frederick Sarspades and another, though giving partner a ruff, would

Declarer covered the jack nf clubs with the king, and East won the ace. East continued with the queen of clubs and, with hardly a moment's thought, Helen. discarded a diamond! Now the defenders were helpless. Since the ten of clubs would aet up the nine in dummy (a lnw cluh wnuld be nn better, even if Helen chase to ruff), East chose to shift to a diamnnd. Declarer fineaaed, drew four rounds of trumps and forced nut the ace nf

have greatly simplified declarer's task.

spades. Making four-odd. Note that declarer cannut afford to ruff the queen of clubs. When West wins the ace of spades, he leads his remaining club, and East will end up with longer trumps than declarer - althnugh that is not necessarily fatal as the cards lie.

this rather unuaual line? When East ahifted to a dia-